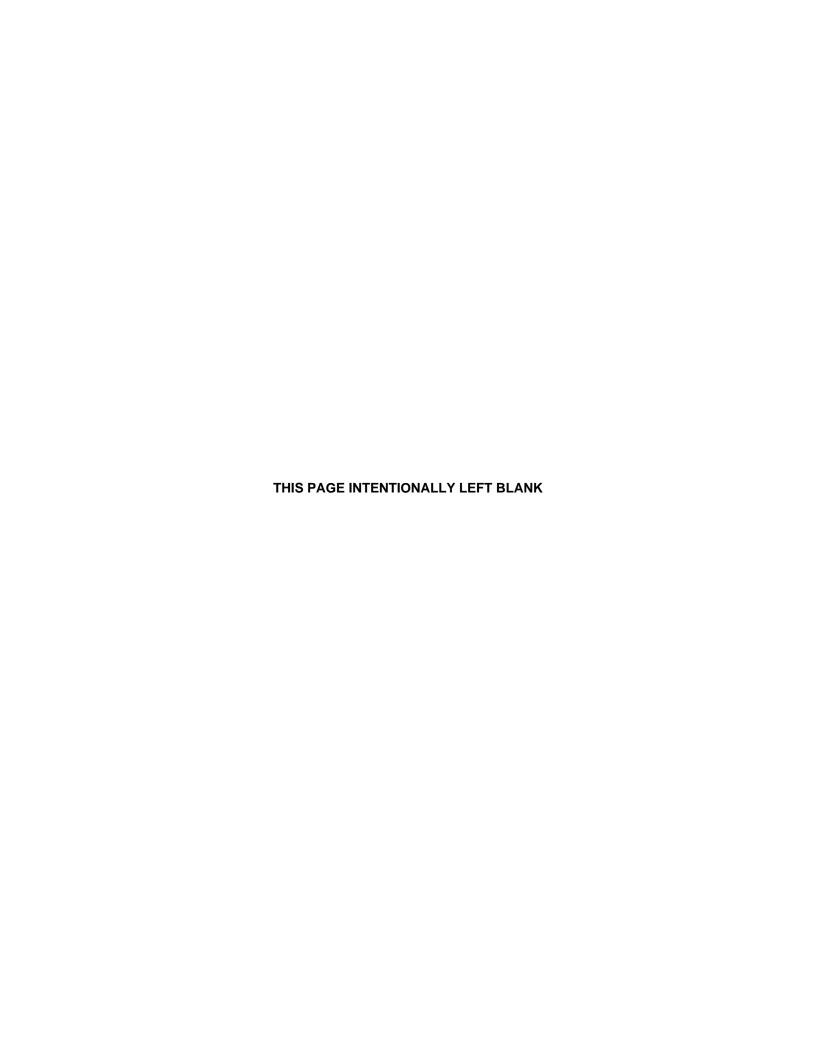
CITY OF LAWNDALE, CALIFORNIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PREPARED BY FINANCE DEPARTMENT



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

	Numbe
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government–Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	6
Statement of Activities	7
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	20
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	21
Notes to Financial Statements	23
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	62
Schedule of Plan Contributions	63
Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Schedule of Funding Progress	64
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	65
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Restricted Urban Development	66

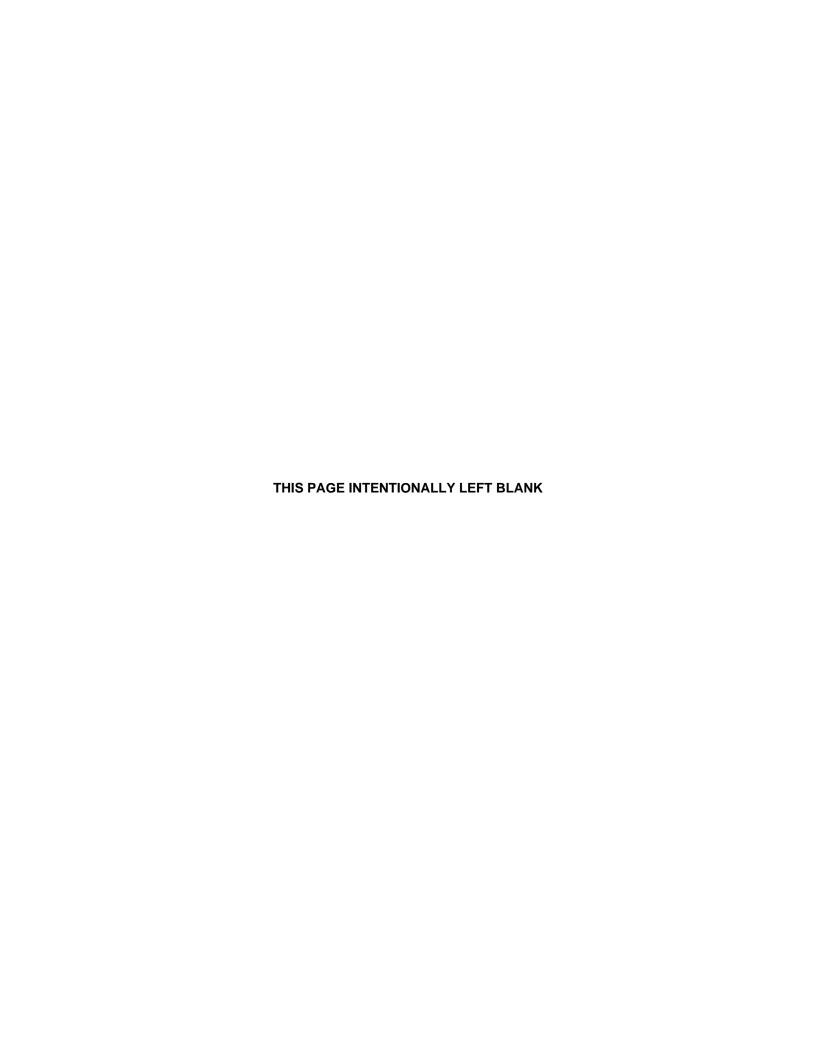
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>Number</u>
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Lawndale Housing Authority	67
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	68
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	72
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	82
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:	
Gas Tax	
Proposition A Local Transit Assistance	
Narcotics Forfeiture	
State COPS Grant	
Lawndale Cable Usage Corporation	
Hawthorne Boulevard Maintenance	
Justice Assisted Grant	
Park Development	98
LA County Parks Maintenance Grant	
Metro TOD Grant	
DRI Grant	
CO Maint Grant – William Green	
Hazmat Grant (HMEP)	
TDA Article 3 Local Transportation	
Proposition C Local Transit Assistance	
Community Development Block Grant	
Safetea-Lu	
Prop C25 Grant	
Measure R	
Measure R Grant	
Prop C 25%	
Measure R Grant Traffic Improvement	
Metro STPL Exchange 2014	113







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lawndale, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lawndale, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lawndale, California

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lawndale, California, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules for the General fund, and the Restricted Urban Development and the Lawndale Housing Authority major special revenue funds, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of plan contributions, and the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) schedule of funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lawndale, California

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 2, 2017 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brea, California March 2, 2017 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	G	Primary overnment
		vernmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$	12,115,802
Receivables: Accounts		1,566,576
Grants		1,463,468
Accrued interest		33,694
Notes and loans		418,894
Agreements with Successor Agency		23,146,732
Prepaid costs		165,377
Land held for development		634,983 6,549,954
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of depreciation		40,015,105
Suprial assets, her or aspressation		10,010,100
Total Assets		86,110,585
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred pension related outflows		519,069
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		519,069
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		2,481,837
Accrued liabilities Accrued interest		105,019 8,872
Deposits payable		386,798
Noncurrent liabilities:		000,700
Due within one year		268,499
Due in more than one year		994,722
Net OPEB obligation		1,723,479
Net pension liability		4,425,429
Total Liabilities		10,394,655
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred pension related inflows		1,216,634
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,216,634
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		45,929,475
Restricted for:		0.45,000
Community development projects Public safety		245,098 76,064
Parks and recreation		7,928,229
Public works		592,208
Capital projects		2,320,124
Air quality		75,273
Municipal services		126,081
Housing Unrestricted		1,635,882 16,089,931
		10,000,001
Total Net Position	\$	75,018,365

				Progra	am Revenues	š		Ch	et (Expenses) evenues and anges in Net Position Primary sovernment
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Operating Capital Charges for Contributions Contributions Services and Grants and Grants			overnmental Activities			
Primary Government			_						
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Municipal services Planning and community development Recreation and community services Public works Interest on long-term debt	\$ 3,375,499 5,166,327 1,090,955 1,808,464 1,934,189 3,821,975 23,516	\$	1,446,541 - - 417,392 - 334,282	\$	159,836 - 52,754 29,838 218,823	\$	4,452,876 - 3,073,186	\$	(1,928,958) (5,006,491) (1,090,955) 3,114,558 (1,904,351) (195,684) (23,516)
Total Governmental Activities	 17,220,925		2,198,215		461,251		7,526,062		(7,035,397)
Total Primary Government	\$ 17,220,925	\$	2,198,215	\$	461,251	\$	7,526,062		(7,035,397)
			eral Revenues	;					
		M Us Mi	Property taxes Property taxes Pransient occu Sales taxes Franchise taxe Utility users taxe otor vehicle in I se of money an iscellaneous aordinary Item	es x lieu - ur	taxes	urpose	Э		1,264,229 634,358 3,043,063 760,317 1,890,350 3,124,005 538,998 226,105 5,042,253
		Tota	I General Rev	enues	and Extraord	inary	Items		16,523,678
		Char	nge in Net Posi	tion					9,488,281
		Net I	Position, Begin	ning of	Year, as Rest	tated			65,530,084
		Net	Position, End	of Yea	r			\$	75,018,365

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

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GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

				Special Rev	enue/	Funds	
		General	Urban		Restricted La Urban Ho Development Au		Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets	-						
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	6,025,746	\$	260,543	\$	994,058	\$ 4,835,455
Accounts Grants		1,503,336		-		12	63,228 1,463,468
Accrued interest Notes and loans		16,896 -		745 -		2,865 172,356	13,188 246,538
Agreements with Successor Agency Prepaid costs		13,357,715 165,377		9,789,017		-	-
Due from other funds Land held for development		1,466,808 147,900		- -		- 487,083	 -
Total Assets	\$	22,683,778	\$	10,050,305	\$	1,656,374	\$ 6,621,877
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	1,616,952 88,484	\$	-	\$	2,293	\$ 864,885 14,242
Deposits payable Due to other funds		368,531 -		<u>-</u>		718 -	17,549 1,466,808
Total Liabilities		2,073,967				3,011	2,363,484
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenues		4,160,096		3,246,629		17,481	1,421,060
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,160,096		3,246,629		17,481	 1,421,060
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid costs		165,377		-		-	-
Land held for development		147,900		-		-	-
Agreements with Successor Agency Restricted for:		9,197,619		-		-	-
Community development projects Public safety		-		-		-	245,098 76,064
Recreation and community services Public works		9,191 -		6,803,676 -		-	1,115,362 592,208
Capital projects		-		-		-	2,320,124
Air quality		-		-		-	75,273
Municipal services		-		-		-	126,081
Housing Unassigned		6,929,628		<u>-</u>		1,635,882 -	 (1,712,877)
Total Fund Balances		16,449,715		6,803,676		1,635,882	2,837,333
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	22,683,778	\$	10,050,305	\$	1,656,374	\$ 6,621,877

	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$	12,115,802
Receivables:		4 500 570
Accounts		1,566,576
Grants Accrued interest		1,463,468 33,694
Notes and loans		418,894
Agreements with Successor Agency		23,146,732
Prepaid costs		165,377
Due from other funds		1,466,808
Land held for development		634,983
Total Assets	\$	41,012,334
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	2,481,837
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	φ	105,019
Deposits payable		386,798
Due to other funds		1,466,808
Total Liabilities		4,440,462
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenues		8,845,266
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,845,266
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid costs		165,377
Land held for development		147,900
Agreements with Successor Agency Restricted for:		9,197,619
Community development projects		245,098
Public safety		76,064
Recreation and community services		7,928,229
Public works		592,208
Capital projects		2,320,124
Air quality		75,273
Municipal services		126,081
Housing Unassigned		1,635,882 5,216,751
Ondoongried		5,210,731
Total Fund Balances		27,726,606
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	41,012,334

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RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 27,726,606
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.		46,565,059
Adjustments to net pension liability arise from timing differences between the measurement date of the liability and when activities affecting the liability actually occur, and from changes in actuarial assumptions that result in a revaluation of the liability. These adjustments are recorded as deferred outflows and inflows of resources and are amortized over their remaining service life. These include:		
Deferred pension related outflows Deferred pension related inflows	\$ 519,069 (1,216,634)	(697,565)
Accrued interest on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore, accrued interest is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds balance sheet.		(8,872)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These include: Facility and site lease note Compensated absences	(635,584) (627,637)	(1,263,221)
Governmental funds report all OPEB contributions as expenditures, however in the Statement of Net Position any excesses or deficiencies in contributions in relation to the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) are recorded as an asset or a liability.		(1,723,479)
Governmental funds report all pension contributions as expenditures, however, in the statement of net position, the excess of the plan proportionate share of the total pension liability over the proportionate share of the plan fiduciary net position is reported as a net pension liability.		(4,425,429)
The Statement of Net Position reports receivables at their net realizable value. However, receivables not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred and reported as unavailable revenues in the governmental funds.		8,845,266
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 75,018,365

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Special Revenue Funds						
	General		Restricted Urban Development			Lawndale Housing Authority	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	7,592,317	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Licenses and permits		582,318		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		3,124,005		-		-		3,357,065	
Charges for services		593,221		_		-		66,534	
Use of money and property		94,538		42,128		7,319		30,631	
Fines and forfeitures		726,152		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous		153,098		-		232,044		73,007	
Total Revenues		12,865,649		42,128		239,363		3,527,237	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		3,244,592		_		-		113	
Public safety		5,034,098		_		-		132,229	
Municipal services		1,104,899		_		-		21,672	
Planning and community development		627,608		44,760		187,429		357,792	
Recreation and community services		1,361,794		-		- , -		590,543	
Public works		1,400,838		_		-		1,925,863	
Capital outlay		53,076		117,626		-		1,152,790	
Debt service:		,-		,-				, - ,	
Principal retirement		35,148		_		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		23,893		-				-	
Total Expenditures		12,885,946		162,386		187,429		4,181,002	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(00.00=)		(100.050)				(0=0=0=)	
Over (Under) Expenditures		(20,297)		(120,258)		51,934		(653,765)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		-		-		-		178,869	
Transfers out		(178,869)						-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(178,869)						178,869	
Extraordinary items		(1,448,132)		(551,958)					
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,647,298)		(672,216)		51,934		(474,896)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as Restated		18,097,013		7,475,892		1,583,948		3,312,229	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	16,449,715	\$	6,803,676	\$	1,635,882	\$	2,837,333	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 7,592,317
Licenses and permits	582,318
Intergovernmental	6,481,070
Charges for services	659,755
Use of money and property	174,616
Fines and forfeitures	726,152
Miscellaneous	458,149
Total Revenues	16,674,377
Expenditures	
Current:	
General government	3,244,705
Public safety	5,166,327
Municipal services	1,126,571
Planning and community development	1,217,589
Recreation and community services	1,952,337
Public works	3,326,701
Capital outlay	1,323,492
Debt service:	1,020,102
Principal retirement	35,148
Interest and fiscal charges	23,893
Total Expenditures	17,416,763
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over (Under) Expenditures	(742,386)
	(112,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Transfers in	178,869
Transfers out	(178,869)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	- _
Extraordinary items	(2,000,090)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,742,476)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as Restated	30,469,082
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 27,726,606

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (2,742,476)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expenses. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$1,941,323 exceeded depreciation expense of \$1,820,745 in the current period.	120,578
Contributed capital assets do not affect current financial resources but increases net position in the government-wide Statement of Activities.	4,149,459
The net loss on the disposal of capital assets does not affect current financial resources but decreases net position in the government-wide Statement of Activities.	(7,736)
Pension obligation expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	286,740
Interest payments on long-term debt are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds when interest payments actually occur, but does not account for future interest due on long-term debt since accrued interest does not require current financial resources. The change in accrued interest is reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities.	377
Long-term debt activities are not considered revenues or expenses in the government- wide Statement of Activities, but are considered revenues, expenditures, and sources and uses in governmental funds. These include: Principal payments on long-term debt	35,148
Compensated absences expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	47,206
Governmental funds report all contributions in relation to the annual required contribution (ARC) for OPEB as expenditures, however in the Statement of Activities only the ARC is an expense.	(286,475)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	7,885,460
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 9,488,281

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds Lawndale Successor Agency
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,842,244
Receivables:	
Accrued interest	1,843
Notes and loans	178,137
Land held for development	2,500,073
Restricted assets:	4 204 200
Cash and investments held with fiscal agents	4,261,309
Total Assets	8,783,606
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	5,694
Accrued liabilities	3,885
Accrued interest	450,046
Deposits payable	15,896
Long-term liabilities:	
Due in one year	339,932
Due in more than one year	43,355,913
Total Liabilities	44,171,366
Net Position	
Held in trust for other purposes	(35,387,760)
Total Net Position	\$ (35,387,760)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u></u> T	Private-Purpose Trust Funds Lawndale Successor Agency	
Additions			
Taxes	\$	2,775,389	
Interest income		10,470	
Total Additions		2,785,859	
Deductions			
Administrative expenses		250,000	
Contractual services		707,224	
Interest and fiscal charges		1,553,639	
Total Deductions		2,510,863	
Extraordinary items		(5,042,253)	
Changes in Net Position		(4,767,257)	
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated		(30,620,503)	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	(35,387,760)	

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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. A summary of the City of Lawndale's significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements follows.

a. Reporting Entity

The City of Lawndale, California (the City), is a municipal corporation, incorporated on December 28, 1959. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and the City Council is comprised of five members, with the Mayor elected by the council itself. Services provided by the City include public safety, public works (streets and facilities maintenance, and engineering), municipal services (animal control, parking and code enforcement, and emergency preparedness), planning and community development, recreation and community services, local access cable television, and other general operations and administrative services.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City, as the primary government, and its component units. The component units described below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operations or financial relationship with the City.

Blended Component Units

A blended component unit is a separate legal entity from the primary government with activities considered to be integral to the primary government's reporting entity. While it is a separate legal entity, the City Council serves as the governing body, and the City has operational responsibility and/or fiscal responsibility over the component unit. Because of this, activities of the component units have been "blended" with that of the City, and are appropriately reported as funds of the City.

The Lawndale Cable Usage Corporation (the Corporation) was established on September 30, 1986. The Corporation was created for the purpose of supporting community television for the citizens of Lawndale. The City Council acts as the Corporation's governing board and exerts significant influence over its operations. The activities of the Corporation have been reported as a special revenue fund of the City, and are included in the governmental activities of the accompanying financial statements. Separate financial statements for the Corporation are not prepared.

The Lawndale Housing Authority (the Authority) was established on October 15, 1984. The Authority was created for the purpose of providing housing assistance for low income families, elderly and disabled persons. The City Council acts as the Authority's governing board and exerts significant influence over its operations. The activities of the Housing Authority are related to Section 8 Rental Assistance Program and as of March 2011, the Housing Authority has also assisted in providing Low/Mod Housing to eligible residents. The activities of the Authority have been reported as a special revenue fund of the City, and are included in the governmental activities of the accompanying financial statements. Separate financial statements for the Corporation are not prepared.

The Lawndale Financing Authority (the Financing Authority) was established on August 3, 2009. The Financing Authority is a body that serves to expedite transactions between multiple entities under the City's umbrella and therefore does not specifically have its own fund or assets. The City Council acts as the Financing Authority's governing board and exerts significant influence over its operations. Separate financial statements for the Corporation are not prepared.

Fiduciary Component Unit

The Successor Agency of the Former Redevelopment Agency (the Successor Agency) was created January 17, 2012, as outlined in Assembly Bill 1X 26 (the Bill) which provides the requirements for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City which had previously reported the activities of the former redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit. The Successor Agency is a separate legal entity from the City, but City Council serves in separate sessions as their governing body. The responsibilities of the City as Successor Agency of the Former Redevelopment Agency are limited to acting in a fiduciary capacity, until all enforceable obligations of the Successor Agency have been paid. Because of the nature and significance of the relationship between the City and the Successor Agency, it would be misleading to exclude the Successor Agency from the City's financial statements. The financial activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the City's fiduciary fund statements as a private-purpose trust fund. Separate financial statements for the Successor Agency are not prepared.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements of the City are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements, which include the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, report information about the primary government and its component units, excluding its fiduciary activities. The statements include separate columns for the governmental activities and business-type activities, as well as discretely presented component units. The City does not have any reportable business-type activities or discretely presented component units. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. General government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the City are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows or resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

That Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the combined assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the combined liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, as net position.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry, if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are reported net of direct expenses in the Statement of Activities to present the net cost of each program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major governmental funds individually and nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate. Fiduciary funds of the City primarily represent assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for other individuals or organizations.

Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days.

Sales taxes, property taxes, utility user taxes, motor vehicle in-lieu, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the government.

Revenue recognition is subject to the measurability and availability criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). Locally imposed derived tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. Imposed non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate, however, that they should not be considered "available spendable resources," since they do not represent net current assets. Recognition of governmental fund type revenue represented by non-current receivables is deferred until they become current receivables. Non-current portions of other long-term receivables are reported as nonspendable fund balance in the general fund, and fund balance restricted, committed, or assigned in all other governmental funds, based on the intended use of the proceeds from liquidation of these long-term receivables.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets, the proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as other financing sources rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

Fiduciary Funds

In the fund financial statements, fiduciary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, fiduciary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Fiduciary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Private-purpose trust funds account for the assets and liabilities of other agencies and report additions such as taxes and deductions such as administrative and contract services.

c. Fund Classification

Governmental funds with assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures equal to at least 10% of their fund-type total, and at least 5% of the combined total of governmental funds and enterprise funds, as applicable, are required to be reported as a major fund. A governmental fund may also be presented as a major fund in the basic financial statements, even if it does not meet the size criteria just described, if the City's officials believe that the fund is particularly important to the financial statement users (because of public interest, reporting consistency, or otherwise). The General Fund is always reported as a major fund.

Governmental Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Restricted Urban Development Fund** is used to account for funds derived from the Urban Development Action Grant.

The **Lawndale Housing Authority Fund** is used to retain the housing assets and low and moderate income housing functions of the dissolved Lawndale Redevelopment Agency.

Additionally, the City reports the following governmental fund types in the accompanying financial statements:

Special Revenue Funds account for taxes and other revenues, which are set aside for a specific purpose in accordance with law or administrative regulation.

Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Fiduciary Funds

The City reports the following fiduciary funds which are excluded from the government-wide financial statements:

Private Purpose Trust Funds account for resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

d. Cash and Investments

The City pools cash and investments of all funds for the benefit of obtaining the highest yield with the greatest safety and least risk, with the exception of restricted funds required to be held separately. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. Investment income, earned by the pooled investments, is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average monthly cash and investment balance.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, deposits with financial institutions, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are included in the amounts reported as cash and investments.

Investments are reported at fair value, the value at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for the fiscal year. Investment income includes, interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity or sale of investments.

Investments

City investments are recorded at fair value, which is primarily determined on the basis of quoted market prices at the end of the year. The City invests in certificates of deposit in various financial institutions through a custodial agent and participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). The custodial agent makes decisions on behalf of the City into which financial institutions to invest and LAIF invests the City's portion of the pool funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these structured notes and asset-backed securities are subject to market risk as to change in interest rates. Earnings from these investments along with Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) are allocated to all funds on a quarterly basis.

e. Prepaid Costs

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid costs in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

f. Land Held for Development

The former Lawndale Redevelopment Agency had purchased properties for the purpose of making them available for sale to developers who have the ability to complete various projects consistent with the mission and activities of the City. Land held for development is valued at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value determined upon the execution of a disposition and development agreement. If resale of land is not anticipated in the near future, a corresponding portion of the fund balance, which is not available for current expenditure, is reported as nonspendable in the general fund, and restricted, committed, or assigned in all other governmental funds, based on the intended use of the proceeds from disposition of the land held for development.

See Note 15c for additional information regarding land held for development.

g. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost that exceeds \$5,000 to \$10,000, depending on the class of asset, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets over the useful life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations.

The estimated useful lives and capitalization thresholds are as follows:

Capital Asset Type	Useful Lives	Capitalization Threshold
Buildings and Structures	30 years	\$ 10,000
Improvements Other than Buildings	20 years	10,000
Vehicles, Machine and Equipment	5-30 years	5,000
Infrastructure	30 years	10,000

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, sidewalks, curbs and gutters, park improvements and traffic signals.

h. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans).

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position of fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred pension related outflows from changes in net pension liability arise only under a full accrual basis of accounting, and are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and thus will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items which qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred pension related inflows from changes in net pension liability arise only under a full accrual basis of accounting, and are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Additionally, unavailable revenues arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, and are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: grants, and accrued interest on long-term receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

j. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt and other financed obligations are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and the fiduciary fund financial statements.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

k. Compensated Absences

The City accrues a liability for compensated absences which meets the following criteria:

- 1. The City's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employees' services already rendered.
- 2. The obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate.
- 3. Payment of the compensation is probable.
- 4. The amount can be reasonably estimated.

A liability is recorded only if it has matured for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances since the employees' entitlement to these balances are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payments upon termination or retirement.

A liability is recorded for unused sick leave balances only to the extent that it is probable that the unused balances will result in termination payments. This is estimated by including in the liability the unused balances of employees currently entitled to receive termination payment, as well as those who are expected to become eligible to receive termination benefits as a result of continuing their employment with the City.

I. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

m. Net Position and Fund Balance

Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt and relating deferred outflows or inflows of resources that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted includes amounts restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, government funds report the following fund balance classification:

Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted includes amounts that are constrained on the use of resources by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest authority, City Council. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is resolution.

Unassigned includes the residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

An individual governmental fund could include nonspendable resources and amounts that are restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) or any combination of those classifications. Restricted amounts are to be considered spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available and committed, assigned, then unassigned amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned, and lastly the unassigned fund balance.

n. Property Taxes

With the passage of Proposition 13 in 1978 (Article XIIIA, California State Constitution), property taxes are limited to one percent of market value, plus additional taxes for repayment of existing or subsequent voter-approved indebtedness. Under Article XIIIA, the market value of taxable property is subject to a maximum annual increase of two percent. Market value may be appraised at significantly more than two percent depending on other factors such as improvements, sale or change of ownership. The City receives a portion of the one percent general tax levy which is shared by several other local governments including the county and the school district. The City's share is based on a formula prescribed in Section 26912(b) of the Government Code. The county apportions property taxes to the City on a scheduled basis which generally adheres to the actual tax collection periods. The tax lien date is January 1 of each year and covers the ensuing fiscal year's tax returns. The tax levy date is from July 1 to June 30 of each year. The first installment becomes due on November 1 with penalties and interest accruing after December 10. The second installment is due no later than April 10.

o. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the reporting date and revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

p. Effect of New Accounting Standards

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards:

GASB Statement No. 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statement for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 76 – The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The provisions in Statement 76 are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 82 - Pension Issues, an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. The City has elected to early implement the provision regarding the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

a. Deficit Fund Balance

The following nonmajor governmental funds reported a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2016:

	Fui	Deficit nd Balance
Govermental Funds:		_
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
State COPS Grant	\$	(4,765)
LA County Parks Maintenance Grant		(381,707)
DRI Grant		(10,402)
LA CO Maint Grant - Hopper Park		(11,441)
CO Maint Grant William Green		(24,394)
96 County Specified Grants		(27,211)
Prop C25 Grant		(94,963)
Appropriations Act		(180,667)
Metro STP-L		(41,024)
Highway Safety Improvement		(45, 157)
Measure R Grant		(12,373)
Prop C 25%		(21,953)
Measure R Grant Traffic Improvement		(334,820)
LA CO Park Grant - Hogan Tot Lot		(522,000)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Note 3: Cash and Investments

Summary of Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2016, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position: Cash and investments	\$ 12,115,802
Fiduciary Funds: Cash and investments Cash and investments held with fiscal agents	 1,842,244 4,261,309
Total	\$ 18,219,355
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2016, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions Restricted cash held with fiscal agents Investments	\$ 1,150 6,250,646 4,261,309 7,706,250
Total	\$ 18,219,355

Deposits

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$6,250,646 and the bank balance was \$6,343,467. The \$92,821 difference represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure a City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure a City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a City's total deposits. The City Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits that are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized Agent of Depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an Agent of Depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors. Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an Agent of Depository has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California Agents of Depository is considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local governmental agency.

As of June 30, 2016, deposits were not subject to custodial credit risk as they were entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or the City's agent in the City's name.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments in vehicles which if not specifically mentioned in the City's investment policy, are not authorized unless the policy is amended by the City Council or are approved as part of the provisions of bond indentures, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage or Amount of Portfolio*	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills	1 year	None	None
U.S. Treasury Notes	10 years	None	None
Federal Agency Issues	N/A	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	None	\$250,000
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	None
County Pool Investment Funds	N/A	5% of County Pool	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
U.S. Treasury Bonds	30 years	None	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	5%	None
Passbook Savings	N/A	None	\$250,000
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	N/A	None	None

^{*}Excluding amounts held by bond trustees that are not subject to California Government Code restrictions.

No investment shall be made that will cause the total investment pool to have greater than 30% of investments to have a maturity date greater than two years. The City's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the City's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Investments as of June 30, 2016, consist of the following:

	Fair Value		
Investments Authorized by CA Government Code/City Investment Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Certificates of deposit Federal agency issues Mutual funds	\$	2,143,708 1,982,000 3,250,000 330,542	
Total Investments	\$	7,706,250	

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value hierarchy is established prioritizing the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or inactive markets, or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.

Level 3 - Inputs are unobservable. Valuations for assets and liabilities are derived from other valuation methodologies, including option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques, and not based on market exchange, dealer, or broker traded transactions. Level 3 valuations incorporate certain assumptions and projections in determining the fair value assigned to such assets or liabilities.

The City uses appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs to measure the fair value of its investments. When available, the City measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value. Level 3 inputs are only used when Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available.

The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in different fair value measurement at the reporting date. The valuation levels are not necessarily an indication of the risk or liquidity associated with the underlying investments.

The City reported the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

		Fair Value Measurement					
Investment Type	 air Value		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 2,143,708	\$	-	\$	2,143,708	\$	-
Certificates of deposit	1,982,000		-		1,982,000		-
Federal agency issues	3,250,000		-		3,250,000		-
Mutual funds	330,542		330,542		_		
				_		_	
Total Investments	\$ 7,706,250	\$	330,542	\$	7,375,708	\$	-

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months)					
Investment Type	F	Fair Value	12	2 Months or Less		13 to 24 Months		25 to 60 Months
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Certificates of deposit Federal agency issues Mutual funds	\$	2,143,708 1,982,000 3,250,000 330,542	\$	2,143,708 500,000 - 330,542	\$	492,000	\$	990,000 3,250,000
Total Investments	\$	7,706,250	\$	2,974,250	\$	492,000	\$	4,240,000

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investments in LAIF and certificates of deposit are not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

			Credit Ratings					
Investment Type	Minimum Credit Rating	 Fair Value		AAA		AA+	1	Not Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Not Rated	\$ 2,143,708	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,143,708
Certificates of deposit	Not Rated	1,982,000		-		-		1,982,000
Federal agency issues	Not Rated	3,250,000		-		3,250,000		-
Mutual funds	AAA	 330,542		330,542				
Total Investments		\$ 7,706,250	\$	330,542	\$	3,250,000	\$	4,125,708

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are as follows:

			% of City Investment
lssuer	Investment Type	 Fair Value	Portfolio
Federal National Mortgage Association Federal Home Loan Bank Federal Farm Credit Bank	Federal agency issues Federal agency issues Federal agency issues	\$ 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	12.98% 12.98% 12.98%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City's investment policy requires that all securities owned by the City be held in third-party safekeeping by the trust department of the City's bank or another designated third party trust, in the City's name and control, under the terms of a custody agreement executed by the trust institution and the City. Investments held by the City were not subject to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2016.

As of June 30, 2016, no City investments were held by the same broker-dealer (counterparty) that was used by the City to buy the securities.

Note 4: Notes and Loans Receivable

The City's outstanding loans receivable as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Total	\$ 418,894
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Housing rehabilitation loan program	246,538
Lawndale Housing Authority: Housing rehabilitation loan program	\$ 172,356

Housing Rehabilitation Loan Program

The Lawndale Housing Authority and Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Funds operate a housing rehabilitation loan program, which provides loans to borrowers who meet certain qualifications for the purpose of rehabilitating their homes. Loans that are not forgivable are secured by a deed of trust and are normally repaid when the relating home changes ownership. The City did not fund any new loans during the fiscal year. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding receivable balance for the housing rehabilitation loan program was \$418.894.

The balance of the forgivable loans receivable was \$87,000 at June 30, 2016 and have been fully allowed for.

Note 5: Agreements with Successor Agency Receivable

The City previously loaned the former Lawndale Redevelopment Agency (RDA) funds prior to dissolution for various redevelopment activities. The repayment of these amounts has been approved by the California Department of Finance. Additionally, the former RDA agreed to reimburse the City for the debt service on the lease, under the terms of a Public Works Agreement between the City and former RDA. This reimbursement has also been approved by the California Department of Finance. With the dissolution of the City's former RDA pursuant to ABx1 26, repayment of the loans and reimbursement of the debt service on the lease is now being made by the Successor Agency to the former RDA, Lawndale Successor Agency (the Successor Agency).

Note 5: Agreements with Successor Agency Receivable (Continued)

During the 2015-16 fiscal year, the State of California passed Senate Bill 107 (SB 107) which amended the Health and Safety Code to require interest on loans between the City and the Successor Agency to be calculated quarterly using a 3% simple interest rate, from the previously required historical LAIF compounding interest rate. SB 107 also requires that any amount received relating to these outstanding balances must be applied towards the outstanding principal balance before it may be applied towards accrued interest. Because governmental funds are accounted for under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the amounts representing accrued interest have been deferred and reported in unavailable revenue on the governmental fund financial statements balance sheet. The City experienced an extraordinary loss as a result of the revaluation of the receivables and deferral of interest income earned on the receivables. See Note 13 to the financial statements for additional information.

As of June 30, 2016, agreements with the Successor Agency receivable were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

						Balance at	
	Principal		Acc	rued Interest	June 30, 2016		
General Fund							
Public Works Agreement	\$	808,808	\$	159,714	\$	968,522	
2000 Cooperation Agreement		3,848,972		1,953,789		5,802,761	
2001 Cooperation Agreement		3,728,365		1,777,182		5,505,547	
2009 Loan Agreement		357,086		138,856		495,942	
2009 Purchase Agreement		454,388		130,555		584,943	
Subtotal General Fund		9,197,619		4,160,096		13,357,715	
Restricted Urban Development							
2000 Financing Agreement		6,542,388		3,246,629		9,789,017	
Total	\$	15,740,007	\$	7,406,725	\$	23,146,732	

Note 6: Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

a. Due To/From Other Funds:

As of June 30, 2016, the City had the following due to/from other funds:

	Other Funds		
Due to Other Funds		General	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	1,466,808	
Total	\$	1,466,808	

Due from

Due to/from other funds are short-term loans to cover temporary cash shortages. The General Fund loaned various nonmajor governmental funds \$1,466,808 at June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Note 6: Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers (Continued)

b. Transfers In/Out:

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Tra	nsfers Out
Transfers In		General
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	178,869
Total	\$	178,869

The General Fund transferred \$180 to the Community Development Block Grant fund and \$178,689 to the Hawthorne Boulevard Maintenance fund to support operations in those funds.

Note 7: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2015	Additions	Construction Placed in Service	Disposals	Balance at June 30, 2016	
Capital assets not depreciated:						
Land	\$ 5,215,937	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,215,937	
Construction in progress	2,176,239	5,430,891	(6,273,113)	-	1,334,017	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	7,392,176	5,430,891	(6,273,113)		6,549,954	
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Building and structures	18,437,776	_	_	_	18,437,776	
Improvements other than buildings	479.040	_	_	_	479,040	
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	2,108,022	158,219	-	27,734	2,238,507	
Infrastructure	28,458,675	501,672	6,273,113		35,233,460	
Total capital assets being depreciated	49,483,513	659,891	6,273,113	27,734	56,388,783	
Accumulated depreciation:						
Building and structures	4,745,465	612,768	-	-	5,358,233	
Improvements other than buildings	272,832	15,740	-	-	288,572	
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	1,586,081	123,414	-	19,998	1,689,497	
Infrastructure	7,968,553	1,068,823			9,037,376	
Total accumulated depreciation	14,572,931	1,820,745		19,998	16,373,678	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	34,910,582	(1,160,854)	6,273,113	7,736	40,015,105	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 42,302,758	\$ 4,270,037	\$ -	\$ 7,736	\$ 46,565,059	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Note 7: Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs based on their usage of the related assets. The allocation of depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2016, is as follows:

General government	\$ 22,832
Municipal services	6,797
Planning and community development	641,486
Recreation and community services	10,561
Public works	1,139,069
Total	\$ 1,820,745

Note 8: Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance at July 1, 2015		Additions		Deletions		Balance at June 30, 2016		Due Within One Year	
Notes: Facility and site lease note	\$	670,732	\$	-	\$	35,148	\$	635,584	\$	36,325
Other long-term liabilities: Compensated absences		674,843		202,430		249,636		627,637		232,174
Total	\$	1,345,575	\$	202,430	\$	284,784	\$	1,263,221	\$	268,499

Facility and Site Lease Note

In 2005, the City and the former RDA entered into a Public Works Agreement, as authorized by Community Development Law, in which the former RDA agreed to provide funding for certain public works projects, and the City agreed to construct them. In 2009, the former RDA funded most of the construction and land acquisition for Hopper Park. The former RDA wanted to finance a portion of the construction with California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB), but in order to obtain the loan it was necessary to pledge a public facility. Since the former RDA did not own any public facilities, the City pledged a maintenance office building and a portion of the land located at 4722 Manhattan Beach Blvd., Lawndale, California, and on February 1, 2010, the City entered into a Facility and Site Lease Agreement with CIEDB. This agreement required that the City pay CIEDB "lease" payments on the pledged property, with the City retaining the title to the pledged property at the end of the lease term. CIEDB agreed to loan the City \$830,100, to be used for the construction of Hopper Park. Under the terms of the Public Works Agreement, the former RDA was to reimburse the City for the debt service on the lease.

With the dissolution of the City's former RDA pursuant to ABx1 26, reimbursement of the debt service on the lease is now being made by the Successor Agency to the former RDA, Lawndale Successor Agency (the Successor Agency).

Note 8: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Principal payments are due annually on August 1, with interest due semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. The annual interest rate on the facility and site lease is 3.35%, and the lease matures on August 1, 2029. Principal and interest payments remaining at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

		Facility and Site Lease Note							
Year Ended									
June 30,	F	Principal		nterest		Total			
2017	\$	36,325	\$	20,684	\$	57,009			
2018		37,542		19,446		56,988			
2019	38,799			18,168		56,967			
2020	40,099		9 16,846			56,945			
2021	41,442			15,480		56,922			
2022-2026	228,990			55,258		284,248			
2027-2030		212,387		14,523		226,910			
Total	\$	635,584	\$	160,405	\$	795,989			

Compensated Absences

Vacation time may be accumulated up to two years' entitlement plus the current year's leave allowance. Cash compensation for accrued vacations is generally not payable until the employee terminates employment with the City. Cash compensation for unused sick leave is payable to an employee only upon termination of employment with the City and the employee is compensated at the rate of 50 percent of their sick leave daily rate, as long as it does not exceed the threshold of 391 hours of combined vacation and sick leave.

Cash compensation for vacation, sick leave, and compensatory time paid to employees within any one year is not expected to be material. The amount recorded does not exceed a normal year's accumulation. This liability will be paid in future years from future resources primarily from the general fund. In prior years, compensated absences have been liquidated primarily by the general fund. As of June 30, 2016, the compensated absences balance outstanding is \$627,637.

Note 9: Liability, Workers' Compensation, and Purchased Insurance

a. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA). CJPIA is composed of 116 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of CJPIA is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

Note 9: Liability, Workers' Compensation, and Purchased Insurance

b. Self-Insurance Programs of CJPIA

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Retrospective adjustments are scheduled to continue indefinitely on coverage years 2012-13 and prior, until all claims incurred during those coverage years are closed, on a pool-wide basis. This subsequent cost re-allocation among members, based on actual claim development, can result in adjustments of either refunds or additional deposits required. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment.

The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is estimated using actuarial models and pre-funded through the annual contribution. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on exposure (payroll) and experience (claims) relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool. Additional information regarding the cost allocation methodology is provided below.

Liability

In the liability program, claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$750,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

For 2015-16, CJPIA's pooled retention is \$2 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to \$20 million, and excess insurance to \$50 million. CJPIA's reinsurance contracts are subject to the following additional pooled retentions: (a) \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible in the \$3 million x/s \$2 million layer, and (b) \$3 million annual aggregate deductible in the \$5 million x/s \$10 million layer. There is a third annual aggregate deductible in the amount of \$2.5 million in the \$5 million x/s \$5 million layer, however it is fully covered under a separate policy and therefore not retained by CJPIA.

The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Costs of covered claims for subsidence losses have a sub-limit of \$30 million per occurrence.

Workers' Compensation

In the workers' compensation program, claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Note 9: Liability, Workers' Compensation, and Purchased Insurance (Continued)

total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$100,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

For 2015-16, CJPIA's pooled retention is \$2 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law.

Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

c. Purchased Insurance

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through CJPIA. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. CJPIA has a limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2014 through July 1, 2017. Each member of CJPIA has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year term of the policy.

Property Insurance

The City participates in the all-risk property protection program of CJPIA. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City to CJPIA. City property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$28,288,522. There is a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$1,000 deductible. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

Earthquake and Flood Insurance

The City purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the property protection insurance program of CJPIA. City property currently has earthquake protection in the amount of \$8,591,381. There is a deductible of 5% per unit of value with a minimum deductible of \$100,000. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

Crime Insurance

The City purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through CJPIA. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

d. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2015-16.

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

a. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plans (Miscellaneous Plans), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: The Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

	Miscellaneous				
	Tier 1*	PEPRA			
Hire date	Prior to	On or after			
	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life			
Retirement age	Minimum 50 years	Minimum 52 years			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% - 2.418%,	1.000% - 2.500%,			
	50 yrs - 63+ yrs	52 yrs - 67+ yrs			
Required employee contribution rates	7.000%	N/A			
Required employer contribution rates	8.512%	N/A			

^{*}This plan is closed to new entrants.

Contribution

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, contributions recognized as a reduction to the City's net pension liability was \$408,984.

b. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Miscellaneous Plans of \$4,425,429.

The City's net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plans is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plans used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, rolled forward to June 30, 2015, using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2014 and 2015, was as follows:

	Miscellaneous
Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.170494%
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.161308%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.009186%

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense relating to the Miscellaneous Plans of \$252,243. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 492,655	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	-	(249,897)
Differences between expected and actual experiences	26,414	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	-	(125,277)
Changes in employer's proportion	-	(502,578)
Differences between the employer's contributions and the		
employer's proportionate share of contributions		(338,882)
Total	\$ 519,069	\$ (1,216,634)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

\$492,655 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement Periods Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources				
2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	(495,176) (484,143) (371,035) 160,134			
Total	\$	(1,190,220)			

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2015 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2014 total pension liability. The June 30, 2014 and the June 30, 2015 total pension liability was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 7.65% Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Investment rate of return (1) 7.50%

Mortality rate table (2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post-retirement benefit increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until purchasing power protection
allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.75% thereafter

- (1) Net of pension plan investment expenses and administrative expenses.
- (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Change of Assumption

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate was changed from 7.50 percent (net of administrative expense in 2014) to 7.65 percent as of the June 30, 2015 measurement date to correct the adjustment that previously reduced the discount rate for administrative expense.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as they have changed their methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Note 10: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 (1)	Real Return Years 11+ (2)
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100.0%		

- (1) Expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period
- (2) Expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Miscellaneous Plans as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.65 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

	Disco	ount Rate - 1%	Cur	rent Discount	Discount Rate +1%			
		6.65%		7.65%	8.65%			
Miscellaneous	\$	\$ 7,931,161		4,425,429	\$	1,531,040		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

Note 11: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 10 to the financial statements, the City provides post-retirement health care benefits, in accordance with the California Government Code, to all employees who retire from the City.

Note 11: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

a. Plan Description

The City provides retiree medical benefits under the CalPERS health plan which provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses in accordance with various labor agreements. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

b. Eligibility

Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City on or after age 50 (unless disabled) and are eligible for a CalPERS pension. The benefits are available only to employees who retire from the City. Membership of the plan consisted of 46 eligible active employees and 18 enrolled eligible retirees at June 30, 2016. These amounts do not reflect current retirees not enrolled in the CalPERS health plan who are eligible to enroll in the plan at a later date.

c. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The contribution required to be made under City Council and labor agreement requirements is based on a pay-as-you-go basis (i.e., as medical insurance premiums become due). For fiscal year 2015-16, the City contributed \$93,586 to the plan. Upon retirement, City's employees who are not eligible for fully paid medical benefits based on service may elect to convert the value of their sick leave for payment of the balance of the premiums which are not paid by the City.

d. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The ARC as of June 30, 2016, was \$353,204. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for these benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 353,204
Interest on net OPEB obligation	65,619
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (65,619)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	353,204
Contributions made	 (93,586)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	259,618
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	1,463,861
	_
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 1,723,479

Note 11: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2016, and the two preceding years were as follows:

Year Ended		Annual			Annual OPEB	Net OPEB	
June 30,	OF	PEB Cost	Con	tributions	Cost Contributed	t Contributed Obligati	
2014	\$	299,642	\$	77,135	25.7%	\$	1,196,855
2015		353,204		86,198	24.4%		1,463,861
2016		353.204		93.586	26.5%		1.723.479

e. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

		Unfunded				
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			UAAL as a	
Accrued	Value of	Accrued	Funded	Covered	Percentage of	
Liability (AAL)	Plan Assets	Liability (UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll	
\$ 3.541.215	\$ -	\$ 3.541.215	0.0%	\$ 3.626.341	97.7%	

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

f. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The actuarial methods and assumptions applicable to the year ended June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 1, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage, closed 30 year
Remaining amortization periods	23 years, as of June 30, 2016
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	4.50%
Inflation	2.75%
Projected salary increases	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend	4.00%

Note 12: Restatements

a. Government-wide Financial Statements

Restatement of governmental activities beginning net position for the year ended June 30, 2016, is summarized as follows:

	G 	overnmental Activities
Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported	\$	64,859,352
Restatement		670,732
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	\$	65,530,084

Restatement was made in the amount of \$670,732 to report a receivable due to the City from the Lawndale Successor Agency relating to a previously existing Public Works Agreement.

b. Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Restatement of governmental fund beginning fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2016, is summarized as follows:

	General Fund
Fund balance, beginning of year, as previously reported	\$ 17,426,281
Restatement	670,732
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	\$ 18,097,013

Restatement was made in the amount of \$670,732 to report a receivable due to the City from the Lawndale Successor Agency relating to a previously existing Public Works Agreement.

Note 13: Extraordinary Items

Extraordinary items reported for the year ended June 30, 2016, is summarized as follows:

	ernment-Wide Financial statements	Government	tal Fu	ind Financial :	State	ements
	 overnmental Activities	 General Fund		Restricted Urban evelopment	G	Total overnmental Funds
Extraordinary Gain: Effects of SB 107	\$ 5,298,586	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Extraordinary Loss: Effects of SB 107 Transfer to Lawndale Successor Agency	(256,333)	(1,191,799) (256,333)		(551,958)		(1,743,757) (256,333)
Extraordinary Items	\$ 5,042,253	\$ (1,448,132)	\$	(551,958)	\$	(2,000,090)

Note 13: Extraordinary Items (Continued)

a. Effects of SB 107

As detailed in Note 5 to the financial statements, the State of California passed Senate Bill 107 (SB 107) which amended the Health and Safety Code to require interest on loans between the City and the Successor Agency to be calculated quarterly using a 3% simple interest rate, from the previously required historical LAIF compounding interest rate.

The Governmental Activities in the government-wide financial statements experienced an extraordinary gain of \$5,298,586 as a result of the revaluation of the receivables and interest income earned on the receivables.

Because governmental funds are accounted for under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the portions of the receivables representing accrued interest have been deferred and reported in unavailable revenue on the governmental fund financial statements balance sheet. In the governmental fund financial statements, the General Fund experienced an extraordinary loss of \$1,191,799 and the Restricted Urban Development fund experienced an extraordinary loss of \$551,958 as a result of the revaluation of the receivables and deferral of interest income earned on the receivables.

b. Transfer to Lawndale Successor Agency

The California State Controller's Office (SCO) issued a letter to the City relating to the SCO's review of all asset transfers made by the former Lawndale Redevelopment Agency (RDA) to the City during the former RDA's dissolution. The letter concluded that \$196,726 in notes receivable due from Anthony's Ready Mix which was transferred to the City on July 1, 2011, and \$59,607 in cash for debt service repayments linked to several public works projects which was transferred to the City on January 25, 2012, represented unallowable transfers. The outstanding balance of the notes receivable as of July 1, 2015, of \$182,352 was transferred to the Successor Agency to the Former Lawndale Redevelopment Agency (the Successor Agency), along with cash in the amount of \$73,981, \$59,607 relating to the debt service repayments and \$14,374 from repayments on the notes receivable from the date the note was transferred to the City. The total of \$256,333 transferred to the Successor Agency represents an extraordinary loss to the General Fund in the governmental fund financial statements and Governmental Activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Note 14: Commitments and Contingencies

As of June 30, 2016, in the opinion of City Management, there were no additional outstanding matters that would have a significant effect on the financial position of the City.

Note 15: Successor Agency to the Former Lawndale Redevelopment Agency

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld AB 1X 26 that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. The Lawndale Successor Agency (the Successor Agency), a legally separate entity from the City itself, assumed the former RDA's assets and obligations, and is responsible for winding down the remaining activities of the former RDA.

After enactment of the law, redevelopment agencies in the State of California could not enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of an oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies are only allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations as approved by the Successor Agency Oversight Board and the California Department of Finance.

a. Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2016, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Lawndale Successor Agency
Cash and investments Cash and investments held with fiscal agents	\$ 1,842,244 4,261,309
Total	\$ 6,103,553

b. Notes and Loans Receivable

Anthony's Ready Mix

In October 2008, the former Lawndale Redevelopment Agency (RDA) sold a piece of property to Anthony's Ready Mix and accepted a loan. In April 2011, the former RDA assigned the loan receivable to the City's General Fund. The outstanding balance of this loan receivable at June 30, 2016 was \$178,137.

In June of 2011, the California legislature approved ABx1 26 which set in motion the dissolution of redevelopment agencies and also contained language to invalidate asset transfers from redevelopment agencies to cities that occurred after January 1, 2011. As required by AB 1484 the Lawndale Successor Agency prepared an All Other Funds Due Diligence Review (DDR) that discloses the transfer of the loan from the Agency to the City. The State Controller's Office (SCO) conducted a review of the assets transferred by the former RDA, and issued a letter disallowing the transfer for the original balance of the note, in the amount of \$196,726. The outstanding balance of the notes receivable as of July 1, 2015, of \$182,352 was transferred to the Successor Agency, and cash totaling \$14,374 from repayments on the notes receivable was transferred to the Successor Agency. The \$196,726 has been included as an extraordinary gain in the Successor Agency for the year ended June 30, 2016. See Note 15f to the financial statements for additional information relating to extraordinary items.

c. Land Held for Development

The RDA had purchased properties for the purpose of making them available for sale to developers who have the ability to complete various projects consistent with the mission and activities of the RDA. Land held for development is valued at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value determined upon the execution of a disposition and development agreement. The DOF approved the amended Long-Range Property Management Plan (LRPMP) and the related Resolution 2014-9 in its letter dated June 18, 2014. The amended LRPMP, states that properties, including the Hawthorne Blvd/Manhattan Beach Ave site and the Firmona house, will be retained by the Successor Agency for future sale and not transferred to the City. Proceeds from the sale of the properties would be retained by the Lawndale Successor Agency to pay enforceable obligations listed on the ROPS or submitted to the Los Angeles County Auditor-Controller's office for distribution to the affected taxing entities. In the letter, the DOF stated that "pursuant to HSC section 34191.3, the approved LRPMP shall govern, and supersede all other provisions relating to, the disposition and use of all the real property assets of the former RDA."

As of June 30, 2016, the Successor Agency has total land held for development of \$2,500,073.

d. Long-Term Debt

A description of long-term debt outstanding of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Balance at					
	July 1, 2015,			Balance at	Due Within	
	as Restated	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016	One Year	
Bonds:						
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2009	\$ 19,555,000	\$ -	\$ 265,000	\$ 19,290,000	\$ 275,000	
Bonds Discount	(123, 164)		(4,234)	(118,930)		
Subtotal Bonds	19,431,836		260,766	19,171,070	275,000	
Notes and Agreements:						
Tax Allocation Loan Agreement Note	1,440,689	-	62,646	1,378,043	64,932	
Agreements with City	18,518,064	5,662,968	1,034,300	23,146,732		
Subtotal Notes and Agreements	19,958,753	5,662,968	1,096,946	24,524,775	64,932	
Total	\$ 39,390,589	\$ 5,662,968	\$ 1,357,712	\$ 43,695,845	\$ 339,932	

Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2009

On November 1, 2009, the RDA issued \$20,545,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2009 to finance public improvements and redevelopment projects benefitting the Project Areas. Interest rates range from 2% to 5.6% with interest payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 and principal maturing annually on August 1. Pursuant to Assembly Bill 1X 26, the loan was transferred to the Successor Agency from the former RDA on February, 1, 2012. The loan is secured solely by future tax increment revenues allocated to the Successor Agency. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding principal on the bonds was \$19,290,000, and relating unamortized discount was \$118,930.

The debt service schedule for the Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2009 is as follows:

	Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2009						
Year Ending							
June 30,	Pr	incipal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	275,000	\$	1,024,656	\$	1,299,656	
2018		285,000		1,013,800		1,298,800	
2019		295,000		1,002,200		1,297,200	
2020		310,000		989,713		1,299,713	
2021		320,000		976,325		1,296,325	
2022-2026	1	,845,000		4,635,338		6,480,338	
2027-2031	2	2,405,000		4,072,613		6,477,613	
2032-2036	3	,650,000		3,259,850		6,909,850	
2037-2041	4	,910,000		2,077,350		6,987,350	
2042-2045	4	,995,000		567,738		5,562,738	
Total	\$ 19	,290,000	\$	19,619,583	\$	38,909,583	

Tax Allocation Loan Agreement Note

On April 30, 2002, the RDA entered into a Tax Allocation Loan Agreement with the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB). The CIEDB agreed to loan the former RDA an amount, up to \$2,000,000, to be used by the former RDA for the Hawthorne Boulevard Revitalization Project.

Pursuant to Assembly Bill 1X 26, the loan was transferred to the Successor Agency from the former RDA on February, 1, 2012. The loan is secured by future tax increment revenues and bears interest at a rate of 3.65% per annum. As of June 30, 2007, the \$2,000,000 of loan proceeds were fully disbursed under the loan agreement. For the current year, total principal and interest debt service was \$114,088, and total tax increment revenue was \$2,775,389. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding principal on the note was \$1,378,043.

The debt service schedule for the Tax Allocation Loan Agreement Note is as follows:

	Tax Allocation Loan Agreement Note							
Year Ending								
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2017	\$	64,932	\$	49,114	\$	114,046		
2018		67,302		46,700		114,002		
2019		69,759		44,199		113,958		
2020		72,305		41,606		113,911		
2021		74,944		38,919		113,863		
2022-2026		417,803		150,725		568,528		
2027-2031		499,825		67,205		567,030		
2032-2033		111,173		2,029		113,202		
Total	\$	1,378,043	\$	440,497	\$	1,818,540		

Agreements with City

The City previously loaned the former RDA funds prior to dissolution for various redevelopment activities. The repayment of these amounts has been approved by the California Department of Finance. Additionally, the former RDA agreed to reimburse the City for the debt service on the lease, under the terms of a Public Works Agreement between the City and former RDA. This reimbursement has also been approved by the California Department of Finance. With the dissolution of the City's former RDA pursuant to AB 1X 26, repayment of the loans and reimbursement of the debt service on the lease is now being made by the Successor Agency.

During the 2015-16 fiscal year, the State of California passed Senate Bill 107 (SB 107) which amended the Health and Safety Code to require interest on loans between the City and the Successor Agency to be calculated quarterly using a 3% simple interest rate, from the previously required historical LAIF compounding interest rate. SB 107 also requires that any amount received relating to these outstanding balances must be applied towards the outstanding principal balance before it may be applied towards accrued interest. The Successor Agency experienced an extraordinary loss as a result of the revaluation of the receivables and interest income earned on the receivables. See Note 15f to the financial statements for additional information.

As of June 30, 2016, agreements with City were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	 Principal	Acc	rued Interest	Balance at ine 30, 2016
Lawndale Successor Agency				
Public Works Agreement	\$ 808,808	\$	159,714	\$ 968,522
2000 Cooperation Agreement	3,848,972		1,953,789	5,802,761
2000 Financing Agreement	6,542,388		3,246,629	9,789,017
2001 Cooperation Agreement	3,728,365		1,777,182	5,505,547
2009 Loan Agreement	357,086		138,856	495,942
2009 Purchase Agreement	454,388		130,555	584,943
Total	\$ 15,740,007	\$	7,406,725	\$ 23,146,732

e. Restatements

Restatement of fiduciary net position for the year ended June 30, 2016, is summarized as follows:

	Lawndale Successor Agency
Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported	\$ (29,793,536)
Restatements	 (826,967)
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	\$ (30,620,503)

A restatement was made in the amount of \$(670,732) to report a liability due to the City for a previously existing Public Works Agreement.

Beginning fiduciary net position was also restated by \$(156,235) to remove a portion of the unamortized bonds discount that related to the cost of issuance of the bonds.

f. Extraordinary Items

Extraordinary items reported for the year ended June 30, 2016, is summarized as follows:

	 Lawndale Successor Agency
Extraordinary Gain: Transfer from City	\$ 256,333
Extraordinary Loss: Effects of SB 107	 (5,298,586)
Extraordinary Items	\$ (5,042,253)

Transfer from City

The California State Controller's Office (SCO) issued a letter to the City relating to the SCO's review of all asset transfers made by the former RDA to the City during the former RDA's dissolution. The letter concluded that \$196,726 in notes receivable due from Anthony's Ready Mix which was transferred to the City on July 1, 2011, and \$59,607 in cash for debt service repayments linked to several public works projects which was transferred to the City on January 25, 2012, represented unallowable transfers. The outstanding balance of the notes receivable as of July 1, 2015, of \$182,352 was transferred to the Successor Agency, along with cash in the amount of \$73,981, \$59,607 relating to the debt service repayments and \$14,374 from repayments on the notes receivable from the date the note was transferred to the City. The total of \$256,333 transferred from the City represents an extraordinary gain to the Successor Agency in the fiduciary funds financial statements.

Effects of SB 107

As detailed in Note 15d to the financial statements, the State of California passed Senate Bill 107 (SB 107) which amended the Health and Safety Code to require interest on loans between the City and the Successor Agency to be calculated quarterly using a 3% simple interest rate, from the previously required historical LAIF compounding interest rate.

The Successor Agency experienced an extraordinary loss in the fiduciary funds financial statements of \$5,298,586 as a result of the revaluation of the payables and interest income owed on the payables.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2015			2014		
Miscellaneous Plans						
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.06447%		0.06772%		
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	4,425,429	\$	4,213,742		
Covered Payroll	\$	3,608,780	\$	3,763,636		
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll		122.63%		111.96%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		78.40%		79.82%		

Notes to Schedule:

<u>Benefit</u> <u>Changes</u>: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2014 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: The discount rate was changed from 7.5 percent (net of administration expense) to 7.65 percent.

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

Miscellaneous	2016			2015		
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	492,655 (492,655)	\$	408,984 (408,984)		
Covered Payroll	\$	3,502,895	\$	3,608,780		
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		14.06%		11.33%		

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2013

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Single and Agent Employers Amortization method Assets valuation method

Inflation

Salary Increases

Investment rate of return

Retirement age

Mortality

Entry age normal Level Percent of Payroll 15 year smoothed market

2.75%

3.3% to 14.20%

7.50% net of pension plan investment and administrative

expense, including inflation

minimum 50 years

RP-2000 Heath Annuitant Mortality Table

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

						Unfunded						
Actuarial		Actuarial	Ac	tuarial		Actuarial		UAAL as a				
Valuation		Accrued	Va	lue of		Accrued	ccrued Funded Covere			Percentage of		
Date	Lia	ability (AAL)	Plan	Assets	Liab	ability (UAAL) Ratio			Payroll	Covered Payroll		
6/1/2012	\$	2,165,185	\$	-	\$	2,165,185	0.0%	\$	3,861,756	56.1%		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Revenues Original Final Amounts (vegative) Taxes sear dermits \$ 7,400,000 \$ 7,731,000 \$ 520,2318 \$ (138,883) Licenses and permits \$ 20,000 \$ 22,000 \$ 522,318 \$ (128,833) User from the composity \$ 90,005 \$ 144,805 \$ 12,883 User from yeard property \$ 90,005 \$ 44,805 \$ 76,162 Fines and forfeitures \$ 54,000 \$ 64,800 \$ 26,152 Fines and forfeitures \$ 85,000 \$ 68,000 \$ 72,6152 \$ (85,000) Miscellaneous \$ 24,155 \$ 13,068,249 \$ 2022,600 Total Revenues \$ 24,155 \$ 13,068,249 \$ 2022,600 Expenditures \$ 2,287,75 \$ 13,068,249 \$ 2022,600 Contract Speciment \$ 15,083 \$ 11,121 \$ 135,663 \$ 47,27 Contract Speciment \$ 15,083 \$ 12,222 \$ 22,222 \$ 22,222 \$ 2,222 \$ 2,222 \$ 2,222 \$ 2,222 \$ 2,222 \$ 2,222 \$ 2,222 \$ 2,222 \$ 2,222 \$ 2,222 \$ 2,222 </th <th></th> <th colspan="4">Budget Amounts</th> <th colspan="2">Actual</th> <th colspan="2">Variance with Final Budget Positive</th>		Budget Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Taxes			Original	Final				(Negative)	
Clicenses and permits 624 000 624 000 582 318 41,882 Charges for services 596,050 546,650 553,221 46,671 190,000 174,000 94,538 79,9462 Fines and forfeitures 543,000 848,000 726,152 78,152	Revenues								
Intergovernmental 3,103,322 3,111,322 3,124,005 12,683 Charges for services 595,050 546,650 593,221 46,671 Use of money and property 190,000 174,000 94,538 (79,422) Erines and forfeitures 643,000 885,000 76,152 78,152 Contributions 885,000 885,000 150,009 47,721 150,009 47,721 150,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 175,009 47,721 47,721 47,721 47,720 47,721 47,720 47,721 47,720 47,721 47,720 47,721 47,720 47,721 47,720 47,720 47,721 47,720 47,720 47,721 47,720 47,720 47,721 47,720 47,720 47,721 47,720 47,	Taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Charges for services									, ,
Use of money and property	•								
Fines and forfeitures			•						
Contributions	, , ,								
Total Revenues 12,787,527 13,068,249 12,865,649 (202,600)							726,152		
Total Revenues							-		
Current: General government General government Gity council 159,839 161,121 135,653 25,468 City attorney 360,000 360,000 415,570 (55,570) City clerk 352,082 352,082 339,150 12,932 City manager 478,487 453,742 437,790 15,952 Administrative services 98,622 72,877 63,846 9,031 Cable TV 735,845 735,845 720,270 533,575 General operations 997,755 1,030,900 1,022,383 8,517 Finance 464,831 464,831 481,564 (16,733) Information systems 154,109 154,109 146,366 7,743 Municipal services 1,864,77 1,198,477 1,104,899 35,785 Planning and community development 481,218 62,2625 627,608 (4,893) Recreation and community services 1,365,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public works 49,000 49,000 49,000 42,783 6,217 Engineering 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119) Capital outley 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Debt service: Principal retirement 35,148 35,148 35,148 36,148 Capital outley 23,992 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Control Expenditures 332,967 (784,663) (20,297) (1,169,586) Cotter Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Cotter Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Catter Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (1,448,132) (1,448,132) (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Catter Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (1,647,298) (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Catter Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (1,647,298) (1,448,132) (1,448,	Miscellaneous		244,155		148,377		153,098		4,721
Current: General government City council 159,839 161,121 135,653 25,468 City attorney 360,000 360,000 415,570 (55,570) City clerk 352,082 352,082 339,150 12,932 City manager 478,487 453,742 437,790 15,952 Administrative services 98,622 72,877 63,846 9,031 Cable TV 735,845 735,845 202,270 533,575 General operations 987,755 1,030,900 1,022,833 8,517 Finance 464,831 448,831 441,564 (16,733) Information systems 154,109 154,109 144,366 7,743 Public safety 4,984,733 5,032,199 5,034,098 (1,899) Municipal services 1,186,477 1,198,477 1,104,899 39,578 Planning and community development 481,218 62,2625 627,608 (4,983) Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public works Administration 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 868,962 39,034 Grounds and facilities 351,488 351,488 351,488 36,747 (9,119) Capital outlay 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Debt services 33,992 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Debt services 33,992 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Control of the production	Total Revenues		12,787,527		13,068,249		12,865,649		(202,600)
California September City council 159,839 161,121 135,653 25,468 City attorney 360,000 360,000 415,570 (55,570) City clerk 352,082 352,082 339,150 12,932 City manager 478,487 453,742 437,790 15,952 Administrative services 98,622 72,877 63,846 9,031 Cable TV 735,845 735,845 202,270 533,575 General operations 987,755 1,030,900 1,022,383 8,517 Finance 444,831 448,544 448,544 448,733 1,100,23,833 1,	Expenditures								
City council 159,839 161,121 136,653 25,468 City attorney 360,000 360,000 415,570 (55,570) City clerk 352,082 352,082 339,150 12,932 City manager 478,487 453,742 437,790 15,952 Administrative services 98,622 72,877 63,846 9,031 Cable TV 735,845 735,845 202,270 533,575 General operations 987,755 1,030,900 1,022,383 8,517 Finance 464,831 484,831 481,564 (16,733) Information systems 154,109 154,109 146,366 7,743 Public safety 4,984,733 5,032,199 5,034,098 (1,899) Municipal services 1,186,477 1,198,477 1,104,899 93,578 Planning and community development 481,2128 622,562 627,608 (4,983) Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public wor	Current:								
City council 159,839 161,121 136,653 25,468 City attorney 360,000 360,000 415,570 (55,570) City clerk 352,082 352,082 339,150 12,932 City manager 478,487 453,742 437,790 15,952 Administrative services 98,622 72,877 63,846 9,031 Cable TV 735,845 735,845 202,270 533,575 General operations 987,755 1,030,900 1,022,383 8,517 Finance 464,831 484,831 481,564 (16,733) Information systems 154,109 154,109 146,366 7,743 Public safety 4,984,733 5,032,199 5,034,098 (1,899) Municipal services 1,186,477 1,198,477 1,104,899 93,578 Planning and community development 481,2128 622,562 627,608 (4,983) Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public wor	General government								
City attorney 360,000 360,000 415,570 (55,570) City clerk 352,082 352,082 339,150 12,932 City manager 478,487 453,742 437,790 15,952 Administrative services 98,622 72,877 63,846 9,031 Cable TV 735,845 736,845 202,270 533,575 General operations 98,7755 1,030,900 1,022,383 8,517 Finance 448,831 446,831 481,664 (16,733) Information systems 154,109 154,109 146,366 7,743 Public safety 4,984,733 5,032,199 5,034,098 (1,899) Municipal services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Planning and community development 481,218 622,625 627,608 (4,983) Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public works 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds			159,839		161,121		135,653		25,468
City manager 478,487 453,742 437,790 15,982 Administrative services 98,622 72,877 63,846 9,031 Cable TV 735,845 735,845 202,270 533,575 General operations 987,755 1,030,900 1,022,383 8,517 Finance 464,831 464,831 481,564 (16,733) Information systems 154,109 154,109 146,366 7,743 Public safety 4,984,733 5,032,199 5,034,098 (1,899) Municipal services 1,186,477 1,198,477 1,104,899 93,578 Planning and community development 481,218 622,625 627,608 (4,983) Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public works 1,226,25 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 868,962 93,034 Street maintenance 49,000 49,000 42,783 6,217 <			360,000						(55,570)
Administrative services 98.622 72,875 63.846 9,031 Cable TV 735,845 735,845 202,270 533,575 General operations 987,755 1,030,900 1,022,383 8,517 Finance 464,831 464,831 481,564 (16,733) Information systems 154,109 154,109 146,366 7,743 Public safety 4,984,733 5,032,199 5,034,098 (1,899) Municipal services 1,186,477 1,198,477 1,104,899 93,578 Planning and community development 481,218 622,625 627,608 (4,983) Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public works 4413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 869,962 93,034 Administration 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 869,962 93,034 Stream mai	City clerk								
Cable TV 735,845 735,845 202,270 533,575 General operations 987,755 1,030,900 1,022,383 8,517 Finance 464,831 464,831 481,564 (16,733) Information systems 154,109 154,109 146,366 7,743 Public safety 4,984,733 5,032,199 5,034,098 (1,899) Municipal services 1,186,477 1,198,477 1,104,899 93,578 Planning and community development 481,218 622,625 627,608 (4,983) Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public works 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Administration 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 868,962 93,034 Street maintenance 49,000 49,000 42,783 6,217 Enjineering 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119 Capit	City manager		478,487		453,742		437,790		15,952
General operations 987,755 1,030,900 1,022,383 8,517 Finance 464,831 464,831 481,664 (16,733) Information systems 154,109 154,109 146,366 7,743 Public safety 4,984,733 5,032,199 5,034,098 (1,899) Municipal services 1,186,477 1,198,477 1,104,899 93,578 Planning and community development 481,218 622,625 627,608 (4,983) Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public works 7 483,000 483,000 486,619 (45,294) Administration 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 868,962 93,034 Street maintenance 49,000 49,000 42,783 6,217 Engineering 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119 Capita outly 30,000 359,777 53,076 30,761 <t< td=""><td>, ,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>72,877</td><td></td><td>63,846</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	, ,				72,877		63,846		
Finance 464,831 464,831 481,564 (16,733) Information systems 154,109 154,109 146,366 7,743 7,431	Cable TV		735,845		735,845		202,270		533,575
Information systems	General operations		987,755		1,030,900		1,022,383		8,517
Public safety 4,984,733 5,032,199 5,034,098 (1,899) Municipal services 1,186,477 1,198,477 1,104,899 93,578 Planning and community development 481,218 622,625 627,608 (4,983) Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public works 1,361,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Administration 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 868,962 93,034 Street maintenance 49,000 49,000 42,783 6,217 Engineering 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119) Capital outlay 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Debt service: Principal retirement 35,148 35,148 35,148 - Interest and fiscal charges 13,120,494 13,852,932 12,885,946 966,986 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967)	Finance		464,831		464,831		481,564		(16,733)
Municipal services 1,186,477 1,198,477 1,104,899 93,578 Planning and community development 481,218 622,625 627,608 (4,983) Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public works 3,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Administration 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 868,962 93,034 Street maintenance 49,000 49,000 42,783 6,217 Englineering 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119) Capital outlay 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Debt service: Principal retirement 35,148 35,148 35,148 - Interest and fiscal charges 23,892 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) <td>Information systems</td> <td></td> <td>154,109</td> <td></td> <td>154,109</td> <td></td> <td>146,366</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Information systems		154,109		154,109		146,366		
Planning and community development 481,218 622,625 627,608 (4,983) Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public works 3 1,360,276 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Administration 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 868,962 93,034 Street maintenance 49,000 42,783 6,217 Engineering 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119) Capital outlay 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Debt service: Principal retirement 35,148 35,148 35,148 - Interest and fiscal charges 23,892 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205	Public safety		4,984,733		5,032,199		5,034,098		(1,899)
Recreation and community services 1,355,123 1,360,276 1,361,794 (1,518) Public works 3 443,325 458,619 (45,294) Administration 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 868,962 93,034 Street maintenance 49,000 49,000 42,783 6,217 Enjineering 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119) Capital outlay 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Debt service: 97 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Interest and fiscal charges 23,892 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Total Expenditures 13,120,494 13,852,932 12,885,946 966,986 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1,186,477</td><td></td><td>1,198,477</td><td></td><td>1,104,899</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			1,186,477		1,198,477		1,104,899		
Public works Administration 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 868,962 93,034 Street maintenance 49,000 49,000 42,783 6,217 Engineering 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119) Capital outlay 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Debt service: 7 7 53,076 306,701 Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges 35,148 35,148 35,148 35,148 10,646 Total Expenditures 13,120,494 13,852,932 12,885,946 966,986 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) <t< td=""><td>Planning and community development</td><td></td><td>481,218</td><td></td><td>622,625</td><td></td><td>627,608</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Planning and community development		481,218		622,625		627,608		
Administration 216,726 413,325 458,619 (45,294) Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 868,962 93,034 Street maintenance 49,000 49,000 42,783 6,217 Engineering 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119) Capital outlay 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Debt service: Principal retirement 35,148 35,148 5,148 - Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges 23,892 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407)	Recreation and community services		1,355,123		1,360,276		1,361,794		(1,518)
Grounds and facilities 955,721 961,996 868,962 93,034 Street maintenance 49,000 49,000 42,783 6,217 Engineering 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119) Capital outlay 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Debt service: Principal retirement 35,148 35,148 35,148 - Interest and fiscal charges 23,892 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Total Expenditures 13,120,494 13,852,932 12,885,946 966,986 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2.591,407)	Public works								
Street maintenance 49,000 49,000 42,783 6,217 Engineering 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119) Capital outlay 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Debt service: Principal retirement 35,148 35,148 35,148 - Interest and fiscal charges 23,892 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Total Expenditures 13,120,494 13,852,932 12,885,946 966,986 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407)									, ,
Engineering Capital outlay 10,886 21,355 30,474 (9,119) Capital outlay 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges 35,148 35,148 35,148 - Interest and fiscal charges 23,892 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013 * (2,591,407)	Grounds and facilities								
Capital outlay Debt service: 30,000 359,777 53,076 306,701 Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges 35,148 36,331									
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges 35,148 35,148 35,148 35,148 35,148 23,893 (10,646) Total Expenditures 13,120,494 13,852,932 12,885,946 966,986 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013 * (2,591,407)									, , ,
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges 35,148 23,892 35,148 35,148 23,893 35,148 (10,646) Total Expenditures 13,120,494 13,852,932 12,885,946 966,986 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013 * (2,591,407)	•		30,000		359,777		53,076		306,701
Interest and fiscal charges 23,892 13,247 23,893 (10,646) Total Expenditures 13,120,494 13,852,932 12,885,946 966,986 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013									
Total Expenditures 13,120,494 13,852,932 12,885,946 966,986 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013 * (2,591,407)	•		•						-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013	Interest and fiscal charges		23,892		13,247		23,893		(10,646)
Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013	Total Expenditures		13,120,494		13,852,932		12,885,946		966,986
Over (Under) Expenditures (332,967) (784,683) (20,297) (1,169,586) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Transfers out (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013 * (2,591,407)			(332,967)		(784,683)		(20,297)		(1,169,586)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (205,000) (205,180) (178,869) 26,311 Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013 * (1,044,000) * (1,044	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Extraordinary items - - - (1,448,132) (1,448,132) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013 *	Transfers out		(205,000)		(205,180)		(178,869)		26,311
Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (537,967) \$ (989,863) (1,647,298) \$ (2,591,407) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013 * (2,591,407)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(205,000)		(205,180)		(178,869)		26,311
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated 18,097,013	Extraordinary items						(1,448,132)		(1,448,132)
	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(537,967)	\$	(989,863)		(1,647,298)	\$	(2,591,407)
Fund Balance, End of Year \$ 16,449,715	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated						18,097,013		
	Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	16,449,715		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RESTRICTED URBAN DEVELOPMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues						_		_	
Use of money and property	\$	90,500	\$	90,500	\$	42,128	\$	(48,372)	
Total Revenues		90,500		90,500		42,128		(48,372)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Planning and community development		-		44,760		44,760		-	
Capital outlay		120,000		120,000		117,626		2,374	
Total Expenditures		120,000		164,760		162,386		2,374	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(29,500)		(74,260)		(120,258)		(50,746)	
Extraordinary items		_				(551,958)		(551,958)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(29,500)	\$	(74,260)		(672,216)	\$	(602,704)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						7,475,892			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	6,803,676			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAWNDALE HOUSING AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget A	ΔΜΟΙΙ	nts	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	 Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues	 g <u>-</u>						-oguaro,
Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 1,100	\$	1,100 223,806	\$	7,319 232,044	\$	6,219 8,238
Total Revenues	 1,100		224,906		239,363		14,457
Expenditures							
Current:							
Planning and community development	775,472		775,472		187,429		588,043
Total Expenditures	775,472		775,472		187,429		588,043
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(774,372)		(550,566)		51,934		(573,586)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	223,806						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	223,806						
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (550,566)	\$	(550,566)		51,934	\$	(573,586)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					1,583,948		
Fund Balance, End of Year				\$	1,635,882		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Note 1: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

a. Budgetary Information

Procedures for establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedules are as follows:

- The annual budget adopted by the City Council provides for the general operation of the City. It includes a forecast of revenues for the fiscal year and proposed expenditures.
- The City Council approves total budgeted appropriations and any amendments to appropriations during the year for all governmental funds. This "appropriated budget" covers substantially all City expenditures, with the exception of debt service on bond issues which expenditures constitute legally authorized "non-appropriated budget." Actual expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end unless a carryover is authorized by the City Manager.
- Purchase commitments are recorded as encumbrances when purchase orders or contracts are issued. These encumbrances represent an allocation of fund balances.
 When the related goods or services are received, the encumbrance is liquidated and an expenditure and liability for payment to the vendor are recorded.
- Budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Projects Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).
- For the year ended June 30, 2016, budgeted appropriations were not approved for the Air Quality, Local Law Enforcement Block, Department of Conservation Grant, and LA CO Maintenance Grant – Hopper Park special revenue funds, and the State Transit Program (Local), 96 County Specific Grants, Prop 1B, Appropriations Act, Metro STP-L, Highway Safety Improvement, Federal Appropriations, and LA CO Park Grant – Hogan Tot Lot capital projects funds.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The following special revenue funds have been classified as nonmajor funds:

Gas Tax - To account for receipts and expenditures of money apportioned under Streets and Highways formaintenance, rehabilitation or improvement of public streets.

Air Quality - To account for funds provided by the State Transportation Act for the construction of pedestrian, bicycle and handicapped amenities.

Proposition A Local Transit Assistance - To account for the half-cent sales tax to improve local transit operations, reduce traffic congestion, and improve air quality.

Narcotics Forfeiture - To account for resources used solely for investigation, detection and prosecution of criminal drug activities.

State COPS Grant - To account for State assistance used to fund frontline municipal police services.

Local Law Enforcement Block – To account for Federal assistance block grant programs provided by the United States Department of Justice to support public safety and crime prevention efforts.

Lawndale Cable Usage Corporation - To track monies for the City's Cable Communication Program that provides audio visual services and local government TV access.

Hawthorne Boulevard Maintenance - To account for funds received and expended on the Hawthorne Boulevard Maintenance projects.

Department of Conservation Grant - To account for funds received and expended for park renovation projects.

Justice Assisted Grant - To account for federal funds in the City's law enforcement program.

Park Development - To account for funds received from developers for park improvements.

LA County Parks Maintenance Grant - To account for maintenance of parks and recreational facilities.

Metro TOD Grant - To account for Metro TOD grant funds used in connection with zoning ordinance for the Marine Ave Transit Station.

DRI Grant - To account for funds for disaster recovery program.

LA CO Maintenance Grant – Hopper Park - To account for maintenance related to Hopper Park.

CO Maintenance Grant - William Green - To account for maintenance related to William Green Park.

Hazmat Grant (HMEP) - To account for emergency preparedness grant purchases.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The following capital projects funds have been classified as nonmajor funds:

TDA Article 3 Local Transportation - To account for funds provided by the State Transportation Act for the construction of pedestrian, bicycle and handicapped amenities.

Proposition C Local Transit Assistance - To account for the half-cent sales tax to improve local transit operations, reduce traffic congestion, and improve air quality.

State Transit Program (Local) - To account for revenues and expenditures made available by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (STP-L).

Community Development Block Grant – To account for monies received and expended by the City as a participant in the Federal Community Block Grant programs.

96 County Specified Grants - To account for funds for construction of a new community center.

Prop 1B - To account for state funds for road and street infrastructure improvements.

Safetea-Lu - To account for funds for road and street infrastructure improvements.

Prop C25 Grant - To account for funds for road and street infrastructure improvements.

Appropriations Act - To account for funds for road and street infrastructure improvements.

Metro STP-L - To account for funds for road and street infrastructure improvements.

Measure R - To account for local funds for road and street infrastructure improvements.

Highway Safety Improvement Program - To account for funds for road and street infrastructure improvements.

Federal Appropriations Act - To account for federal funds for road and street infrastructure improvements.

Measure R Grant - To account for funds for the construction of Inglewood Avenue 405 on ramp.

Prop C 25% - To accounts for County grant for Inglewood Avenue widening project.

Measure R Grant Traffic Improvement - To account for City-Wide traffic signal improvements.

Metro STPL Exchange 2014 - To account for funds for road and street infrastructure improvements.

LA CO Park Grant - Hogan Tot Lot - To account for maintenance related to the Frank Hogan Tot Lot.

				Special Rev	enue	Funds		
		Gas Tax	Ai	r Quality	Lo	oposition A ocal Transit assistance		arcotics orfeiture
Assets	•	407 700	•	00.000	•	4 000 045	•	50.044
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	197,789	\$	63,683	\$	1,083,345	\$	53,844
Accounts		-		11,429		_		-
Grants		-		-		31,107		-
Accrued interest Notes and loans		531 -		161 		3,110 		154
Total Assets	\$	198,320	\$	75,273	\$	1,117,562	\$	53,998
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	37,526 6,546	\$	-	\$	96,134 1,223	\$	308
Deposits payable		1,898		-		1,223		-
Due to other funds		-						
Total Liabilities		45,970				97,357		308
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues		_						_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Fund Balances								
Restricted for:								
Community development projects Public safety		-		-		-		53,690
Recreation and community services		_		-		1,020,205		-
Public works		152,350		-		-		-
Capital projects Air quality		-		- 75,273		_		-
Municipal services		-		-		-		-
Unassigned								
Total Fund Balances		152,350		75,273		1,020,205		53,690
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	198,320	\$	75,273	\$	1,117,562	\$	53,998

	Special Revenue Funds									
		State COPS Grant		Local Law Enforcement Block		Lawndale Cable Usage Corporation		wthorne ulevard ntenance		
Assets	Ф	00.700	Ф	45.400	Φ.	444 470	œ.	0.404		
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	23,760	\$	15,468	\$	111,478	\$	9,481		
Accounts		-		_		14,295		_		
Grants		-		-		-		-		
Accrued interest		95		-		308		-		
Notes and loans								-		
Total Assets	\$	23,855	\$	15,468	\$	126,081	\$	9,481		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	28,620	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,481		
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		
Deposits payable Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		
Due to other fullus										
Total Liabilities		28,620						9,481		
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenues								-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								-		
Fund Balances										
Restricted for:										
Community development projects		-		-		-		-		
Public safety		-		15,468		-		-		
Recreation and community services Public works		-		-		_		-		
Capital projects		_		_		_		_		
Air quality		-		-		-		-		
Municipal services				-		126,081		-		
Unassigned		(4,765)								
Total Fund Balances		(4,765)		15,468		126,081				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	23,855	\$	15,468	\$	126,081	\$	9,481		

				Special Rev	enue Fu	ınds	
	Department of Conservation Grant			Justice Assisted Grant		Park elopment	ounty Parks intenance Grant
Assets	•	00.404	•				
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	86,101	\$	2,370	\$	9,030	\$ -
Accounts		-		_		_	-
Grants		-		4,536		-	381,709
Accrued interest Notes and loans		-		-		26	-
Notes and loans							
Total Assets	\$	86,101	\$	6,906	\$	9,056	\$ 381,709
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,412
Accrued liabilities Deposits payable		-		-		-	963
Due to other funds		-					373,332
Total Liabilities		-					381,707
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenues		-					381,709
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-					381,709
Fund Balances							
Restricted for:							
Community development projects Public safety		-		6,906		-	-
Recreation and community services		86,101		0,900		9,056	-
Public works		-		-		-	-
Capital projects		-		-		-	-
Air quality Municipal services		-		-		-	-
Unassigned		-					(381,707)
Total Fund Balances		86,101		6,906		9,056	 (381,707)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	86,101	\$	6,906	\$	9,056	\$ 381,709

				Special Rev	enue F	unds		
	Metro TOD Grant		D	DRI Grant		LA CO Maint Grant - Hopper Park		aint Grant - am Green
Assets								
Cash and investments Receivables: Accounts	\$	21,468	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Grants		2,718		10,402		11,441		24,391
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	24,186	\$	10,402	\$	11,441	\$	24,391
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities Deposits payable		-		-		-		_
Due to other funds		-		10,402		11,441		24,394
Total Liabilities		_		10,402		11,441		24,394
Deferred Inflows of Resources						_		
Unavailable revenues		2,718		10,402		11,441		24,391
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,718		10,402		11,441		24,391
Fund Balances								
Restricted for: Community development projects		-		_		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Recreation and community services Public works		- 21,468		-		-		-
Capital projects		21,400		-		-		-
Air quality		-		-		-		-
Municipal services		-		-		-		-
Unassigned				(10,402)		(11,441)		(24,394)
Total Fund Balances		21,468		(10,402)		(11,441)		(24,394)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	24,186	\$	10,402	\$	11,441	\$	24,391

	-	Revenue nds	Capital Projects Funds							
	Hazmat Grant (HMEP)		TDA Article 3 Local Transportation		Proposition C Local Transit Assistance			te Transit ram (Local)		
Assets		,			-			, ,		
Cash and investments Receivables: Accounts	\$	-	\$	- 37,504	\$	2,459,990	\$	11,346		
Grants Accrued interest Notes and loans		- -		- - -		6,942 -		32		
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	37,504	\$	2,466,932	\$	11,378		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits payable	\$	-	\$	794 - -	\$	378,215 2,762	\$	-		
Due to other funds		-		36,696		-				
Total Liabilities		-		37,490		380,977				
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenues		_								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Fund Balances										
Restricted for: Community development projects Public safety		-		-		-		- -		
Recreation and community services Public works		-		-		-		- 11,378		
Capital projects Air quality		-		14 -		2,085,955		-		
Municipal services Unassigned		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total Fund Balances		-		14		2,085,955		11,378		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	37,504	\$	2,466,932	\$	11,378		

	Capital Projects Funds									
	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant		County	Prop 1B		Safetea-Lu			
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,124	\$	9,620		
Receivables: Accounts		_		_		_		_		
Grants		6,765		_		_		_		
Accrued interest		-		-		18		28		
Notes and loans		246,538								
Total Assets	\$	253,303	\$		\$	6,142	\$	9,648		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	1,440	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Accrued liabilities Deposits payable		-		-		6,045		-		
Due to other funds		6,765		27,211		0,045		-		
Total Liabilities		8,205		27,211		6,045				
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenues										
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Fund Balances										
Restricted for:										
Community development projects Public safety		245,098		-		-		-		
Recreation and community services		-		-		-		-		
Public works		-		-		-		- 0.040		
Capital projects Air quality		-		_		97		9,648		
Municipal services		_		_		_		_		
Unassigned				(27,211)				-		
Total Fund Balances		245,098		(27,211)		97		9,648		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	253,303	\$		\$	6,142	\$	9,648		

				Capital Pro	jects F	unds		
	_ Prop	p C25 Grant	App	oropriations Act	Me	tro STP-L	M	easure R
Assets								
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	204,979
Accounts		_		_		_		_
Grants		107,034		-		10,000		-
Accrued interest		-		-		-		505
Notes and loans						-		-
Total Assets	\$	107,034	\$		\$	10,000	\$	205,484
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	18,950	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		653				-		505
Deposits payable Due to other funds		75,360		6,580 174,087		41,024		-
Due to other funds		70,000		174,007		41,024		
Total Liabilities		94,963		180,667		41,024		505
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues		107,034				10,000		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		107,034				10,000		-
Fund Balances								
Restricted for:								
Community development projects		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Recreation and community services Public works		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		_		_		_		204,979
Air quality		-		-		-		-
Municipal services				-		-		-
Unassigned		(94,963)		(180,667)		(41,024)		
Total Fund Balances		(94,963)		(180,667)		(41,024)		204,979
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	107,034	\$		\$	10,000	\$	205,484

				Capital Pro	jects F	unds		
		way Safety rovement	-	ederal ropriation	Measure R Grant		Prop C 25%	
Assets	_		_				_	
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	-	\$	18,637	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts		_		_		_		_
Grants		-		_		6,177		16,165
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans								-
Total Assets	\$		\$	18,637	\$	6,177	\$	16,165
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		208		-
Deposits payable Due to other funds		- 45 157		-		- 12,165		- 21,953
Due to other furius		45,157				12,105		21,955
Total Liabilities		45,157	-			12,373		21,953
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues				_		6,177		16,165
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						6,177		16,165
Fund Balances								
Restricted for:								
Community development projects		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Recreation and community services		-		-		-		-
Public works Capital projects		-		18,637		_		-
Air quality		_		-		_		_
Municipal services		-		-		_		-
Unassigned		(45,157)				(12,373)		(21,953)
Total Fund Balances		(45,157)		18,637		(12,373)		(21,953)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$		\$	18,637	\$	6,177	\$	16,165

		sure R Grant Traffic provement		etro STPL nange 2014	Gra	A CO Park int - Hogan Tot Lot	Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	446,942	\$	-	\$ 4,835,455
Receivables: Accounts							63,228
Grants		329,023		_		522,000	1,463,468
Accrued interest		-		1,278		-	13,188
Notes and loans		-		-,		-	246,538
Total Assets	\$	329,023	\$	448,220	\$	522,000	\$ 6,621,877
				-, -		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	 -,- ,-
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	245,591	\$	41,208	\$	-	\$ 865,679
Accrued liabilities		1,382		-		-	14,242
Deposits payable		3,026		-			17,549
Due to other funds		84,821				522,000	 1,466,808
Total Liabilities		334,820		41,208		522,000	 2,364,278
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenues		329,023		_		522,000	1,421,060
						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		329,023				522,000	 1,421,060
Fund Balances							
Restricted for:							
Community development projects		-		_		_	245,098
Public safety		-		-		-	76,064
Recreation and community services		-		-		-	1,115,362
Public works		-		407,012		-	592,208
Capital projects		-		-		-	2,319,330
Air quality Municipal services		-		-		_	75,273 126,081
Unassigned		(334,820)		-		(522,000)	(1,712,877)
Ondoorgned		(004,020)				(022,000)	(1,712,077)
Total Fund Balances		(334,820)		407,012		(522,000)	 2,836,539
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	329,023	\$	448,220	\$	522,000	\$ 6,621,877

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds											
	Gas Tax		Ai	r Quality	Lo	oposition A cal Transit ssistance		arcotics rfeiture				
Revenues												
Intergovernmental	\$	724,118	\$	42,423	\$	599,774	\$	-				
Charges for services		1 700		-		852		-				
Use of money and property Miscellaneous		1,729		322		7,125 72,914		372				
Wilderfalledas			-			12,514		_				
Total Revenues		725,847		42,745		680,665		372				
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government		-		-		-		-				
Public safety		-		-		-		5,737				
Municipal services Planning and community development		-		-		-		-				
Recreation and community services		-		-		569,714		_				
Public works		897,216		-		-		-				
Capital outlay		-										
Total Expenditures		897,216				569,714		5,737				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over (Under) Expenditures		(171,369)		42,745		110,951		(5,365)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in												
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Net Change in Fund Balances		(171,369)		42,745		110,951		(5,365)				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		323,719		32,528		909,254		59,055				
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	152,350	\$	75,273	\$	1,020,205	\$	53,690				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds										
	State COPS Grant	Local Law Enforcement Block	Lawndale Cable Usage Corporation	Hawthorne Boulevard Maintenance							
Revenues											
Intergovernmental	\$ 114,6	- 18 \$	\$ -	\$ -							
Charges for services Use of money and property	2		65,682 644	-							
Miscellaneous	2		93	-							
Total Revenues	114,8	79 -	66,419								
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government			113	-							
Public safety	114,4	- 80	-	-							
Municipal services Planning and community development		-	-	-							
Recreation and community services			_	-							
Public works		-	-	178,689							
Capital outlay			<u> </u>								
Total Expenditures	114,4	80	113	178,689							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over (Under) Expenditures	3	99 -	66,306	(178,689)							
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in				178,689							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				178,689							
Net Change in Fund Balances	3	99 -	66,306	-							
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(5,1	64) 15,468	59,775								
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (4,7	(65) \$ 15,468	\$ 126,081	\$ -							

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Special Rev	enue Fun	ds		
	Cons	artment of servation Grant	 ce Assisted Grant	= -	ark opment	Mai	ounty Parks ntenance Grant
Revenues							
Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	9,010	\$ 23,546	\$	-	\$	-
Use of money and property		_	_		60		- -
Miscellaneous		-					_
Total Revenues		9,010	23,546		60		
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		-	-		-		-
Public safety		-	12,012		-		-
Municipal services Planning and community development		-	_		-		-
Recreation and community services		_	_		_		-
Public works		-	-		-		176,401
Capital outlay			 				
Total Expenditures			 12,012		-		176,401
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		9,010	11,534		60		(176,401)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		-					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					-		
Net Change in Fund Balances		9,010	11,534		60		(176,401)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		77,091	 (4,628)		8,996		(205,306)
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	86,101	\$ 6,906	\$	9,056	\$	(381,707)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Special Rev	enue Fι	ınds			
	o TOD	D	RI Grant	Grant	CO Maint t - Hopper Park		aint Grant - am Green	
Revenues	 							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	144,559	\$	-	\$	-	
Charges for services Use of money and property	-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous	-				-		-	
Total Revenues	 		144,559				-	
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	-		-		-		-	
Public safety	-		-		-		-	
Municipal services Planning and community development	- 1,324		- 51,431		-		-	
Recreation and community services	1,524		-		_		20,829	
Public works	-		-		-		,	
Capital outlay	 		-		-			
Total Expenditures	 1,324		51,431				20,829	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (1,324)		93,128		-		(20,829)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	 		-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 		_					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,324)		93,128		-		(20,829)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	22,792		(103,530)		(11,441)		(3,565)	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 21,468	\$	(10,402)	\$	(11,441)	\$	(24,394)	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds	c	Capital Projects Funds				
	Hazmat Grant (HMEP)	TDA Article 3 Local Transportation	Proposition C Local Transit Assistance	State Transit Program (Local)			
Revenues	•			•			
Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 30,988	\$ 36,710	\$ 497,155	\$ -			
Use of money and property	-	-	15,770	- 77			
Miscellaneous							
Total Revenues	30,988	36,710	512,925	77			
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-			
Public safety	- 04 070	-	-	-			
Municipal services Planning and community development	21,672	-	-	-			
Recreation and community services	_	-	-	-			
Public works	-	36,717	113,815	-			
Capital outlay			416,543				
Total Expenditures	21,672	36,717	530,358				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	9,316	(7)	(17,433)	77			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Net Change in Fund Balances	9,316	(7)	(17,433)	77			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(9,316)	21	2,103,388	11,301			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ -	\$ 14	\$ 2,085,955	\$ 11,378			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			(Capital Pro	jects Fund	ds		
	Dev	ommunity relopment ock Grant		County ed Grants	Pro	р 1В	Saf	etea-Lu
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	318,072	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services Use of money and property		-		-		- 41		- 65
Miscellaneous		_		-		<u>-</u>		
Total Revenues		318,072				41		65
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Municipal services Planning and community development		305,037		-		-		-
Recreation and community services		-		_		_		_
Public works		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay								
Total Expenditures		305,037						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		13,035				41		65
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		180						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		180						
Net Change in Fund Balances		13,215		-		41		65
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		231,883		(27,211)		56		9,583
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	245,098	\$	(27,211)	\$	97	\$	9,648

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Capital Pro	jects Fun	ıds		
	Prop	C25 Grant	Арр	ropriations Act	Metro	o STP-L	M	easure R
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	11,269	\$	-	\$	-	\$	373,348
Charges for services Use of money and property		-		-		-		1,133
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>						-
Total Revenues		11,269						374,481
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Municipal services Planning and community development		-		-		-		-
Recreation and community services		_		_		_		_
Public works		32,662		-		-		340,054
Capital outlay		46,750						
Total Expenditures		79,412						340,054
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(68,143)		_		_		34,427
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net Change in Fund Balances		(68,143)		-		-		34,427
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		(26,820)		(180,667)		(41,024)		170,552
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(94,963)	\$	(180,667)	\$	(41,024)	\$	204,979

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Capital Projects Funds											
		way Safety rovement		ederal opriation	Meas	ure R Grant	Pr	op C 25%				
Revenues												
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,985	\$	-				
Charges for services Use of money and property		-		-		-		-				
Miscellaneous		-		_		-		-				
Total Revenues						5,985		-				
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government		-		-		-		-				
Public safety		-		-		-		-				
Municipal services		-		-		-		-				
Planning and community development Recreation and community services		-		-		-		-				
Public works				_				7,535				
Capital outlay		-		-		7,555		8,630				
Total Expenditures						7,555		16,165				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over (Under) Expenditures						(1,570)		(16,165)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in						_						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(1,570)		(16,165)				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		(45,157)		18,637		(10,803)		(5,788)				
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(45,157)	\$	18,637	\$	(12,373)	\$	(21,953)				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		C	apital P	rojects Fund			
	Measure R Grant Traffic Improvement			tro STPL ange 2014	LA CO Park Grant - Hogan Tot Lot		Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	424,696	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,356,271
Charges for services		-		2.022		-	66,534
Use of money and property Miscellaneous		-		3,032		-	30,631 73,007
Miscellaricous							73,007
Total Revenues		424,696		3,032		-	3,526,443
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		-		-		-	113
Public safety		-		-		-	132,229
Municipal services		-		-		-	21,672
Planning and community development		-		-		-	357,792
Recreation and community services Public works		64,843		- 77,931		-	590,543 1,925,863
Capital outlay		673,312		77,931		-	1,152,790
Outries outlay		070,012					 1,102,700
Total Expenditures		738,155		77,931			 4,181,002
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(313,459)		(74,899)		-	 (654,559)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in							 178,869
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						_	178,869
Net Change in Fund Balances		(313,459)		(74,899)		-	(475,690)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		(21,361)		481,911		(522,000)	3,312,229
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(334,820)	\$	407,012	\$	(522,000)	\$ 2,836,539

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budget A	Amou			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Barrana		Original		Final	A	mounts	(Ne	egative)	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	717,239	\$	717,239	\$	724,118	\$	6,879	
Use of money and property		1,000		1,000		1,729		729	
Total Revenues		718,239		718,239		725,847	-	7,608	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works		934,851		934,851		897,216		37,635	
Total Expenditures		934,851		934,851		897,216		37,635	
Evenes (Deficiency) of Devenues									
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(216 612)		(216 612)		(171 260)		(20.027)	
Over (Orider) Experialtares	-	(216,612)		(216,612)		(171,369)		(30,027)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(216,612)	\$	(216,612)		(171,369)	\$	(30,027)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						323,719			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	152,350			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPOSITION A LOCAL TRANSIT ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	 Budget A	Amou	ınts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	 Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ 600,020	\$	600,020	\$	599,774	\$	(246)	
Charges for services	360		360		852		492	
Use of money and property	2,500		2,500		7,125		4,625	
Miscellaneous			73,000		72,914		(86)	
Total Revenues	 602,880		675,880		680,665		4,785	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Recreation and community services	645,092		645,092		569,714		75,378	
Total Expenditures	 645,092		645,092		569,714		75,378	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(42,212)		30,788		110,951		(70,593)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (42,212)	\$	30,788		110,951	\$	(70,593)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					909,254			
Fund Balance, End of Year				\$	1,020,205			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NARCOTICS FORFEITURE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budget /	Amoun	ts	A	ctual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Ori	iginal		Final	An	ounts	(Neg	gative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	500	\$	500	\$	-	\$	(500)
Use of money and property		120		120		372		252
Total Revenues		620		620		372		(248)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety				5,635		5,737		(102)
Total Expenditures				5,635		5,737		(102)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		620		(5,015)		(5,365)		(146)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	620	\$	(5,015)		(5,365)	\$	(146)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						59,055		
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	53,690		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE COPS GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	 Budget A	Amou	nts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$	114,618	\$	14,618
Use of money and property	50		50		261		211
Total Revenues	100,050		100,050		114,879		14,829
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety	118,650		118,650		114,480		4,170
Total Expenditures	118,650		118,650		114,480		4,170
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(18,600)		(18,600)		399		10,659
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (18,600)	\$	(18,600)		399	\$	10,659
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					(5,164)		
Fund Balance, End of Year				\$	(4,765)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAWNDALE CABLE USAGE CORPORATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues									
Charges for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	33,300 30 250	\$	33,300 30 250	\$	65,682 644 93	\$	32,382 614 (157)	
Total Revenues		33,580		33,580		66,419		32,839	
Expenditures Current:									
General government		60,000		60,000		113		59,887	
Total Expenditures		60,000		60,000		113		59,887	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(26,420)		(26,420)		66,306		(27,048)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(26,420)	\$	(26,420)		66,306	\$	(27,048)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						59,775			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	126,081			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HAWTHORNE BOULEVARD MAINTENANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original Final				Amounts	(Negative)			
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works	\$	205,000	\$	205,000	\$	178,689	\$	26,311	
Total Expenditures		205,000		205,000		178,689		26,311	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(205,000)		(205,000)		(178,689)		(26,311)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		205,000		205,000		178,689		(26,311)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		205,000		205,000		178,689		(26,311)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$			-	\$	(52,622)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year									
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	-			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL JUSTICE ASSISTED GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Revenues		riginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
	Φ.	45.000	Φ.	45.000	Φ.	00.540	Φ.	0.540
Intergovernmental	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	23,546	\$	8,546
Total Revenues		15,000		15,000		23,546		8,546
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		15,000		15,000		12,012		2,988
Total Expenditures		15,000		15,000		12,012		2,988
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures						11,534		5,558
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$			11,534	\$	5,558
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						(4,628)		
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	6,906		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARK DEVELOPMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budget /	ınts	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	C	riginal		Final	Amo	ounts	(Negative)		
Revenues									
Charges for services	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	(1,000)	
Use of money and property		25		25		60		35	
Total Revenues		1,025		1,025		60		(965)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,025		1,025		60		(965)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out		-		(85,000)				85,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(85,000)				85,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	1,025	\$	(83,975)		60	\$	84,035	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						8,996			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	9,056			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LA COUNTY PARKS MAINTENANCE GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	207,848	\$	207,848	\$		\$	(207,848)	
Total Revenues		207,848		207,848				(207,848)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works		186,730		186,730		176,401		10,329	
Total Expenditures		186,730		186,730		176,401		10,329	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		21,118		21,118		(176,401)		(218,177)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	21,118	\$	21,118		(176,401)	\$	(218,177)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						(205,306)			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	(381,707)			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL METRO TOD GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Oı	riginal		Final	al Amounts			egative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	6,300	\$	6,300	\$		\$	(6,300)
Total Revenues		6,300		6,300				(6,300)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Planning and community development				1,343		1,324		19
Total Expenditures				1,343		1,324		19
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		6,300		4,957		(1,324)		(6,319)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	6,300	\$	4,957		(1,324)	\$	(6,319)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						22,792		
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	21,468		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DRI GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget	Budget Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final	Amounts		(N	egative)	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	144,600	\$	144,559	\$	(41)	
Total Revenues			144,600		144,559		(41)	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Planning and community development			137,904		51,431		86,473	
Total Expenditures			137,904		51,431		86,473	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures			6,696		93,128		(86,514)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	6,696		93,128	\$	(86,514)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					(103,530)			
Fund Balance, End of Year				\$	(10,402)			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CO MAINT GRANT - WILLIAM GREEN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	3,563	\$		\$	(3,563)	
Total Revenues			3,563				(3,563)	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Recreation and community services			20,700		20,829		(129)	
Total Expenditures			20,700		20,829		(129)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures			(17,137)		(20,829)		(3,434)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	(17,137)		(20,829)	\$	(3,434)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					(3,565)			
Fund Balance, End of Year				\$	(24,394)			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HAZMAT GRANT (HMEP)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budge	et Amou	nts	A	ctual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	ginal Final			Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	30,900	\$	30,988	\$	88	
Total Revenues			30,900		30,988		88	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Municipal services		<u> </u>	25,608		21,672		3,936	
Total Expenditures		<u> </u>	25,608		21,672		3,936	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures			5,292		9,316		(3,848)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	5,292		9,316	\$	(3,848)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					(9,316)			
Fund Balance, End of Year				\$				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TDA ARTICLE 3 LOCAL TRANSPORTATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	C	riginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	21,183	\$	21,183	\$	36,710	\$	15,527
Total Revenues		21,183		21,183		36,710		15,527
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works				40,000		36,717		3,283
Total Expenditures				40,000		36,717		3,283
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		21,183		(18,817)		(7)		12,244
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	21,183	\$	(18,817)		(7)	\$	12,244
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						21		
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	14		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROPOSITION C LOCAL TRANSIT ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	497,700	\$	497,700	\$	497,155	\$	(545)	
Use of money and property		6,500		6,500		15,770		9,270	
Total Revenues		504,200		504,200		512,925		8,725	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works		794,912		794,912		113,815		681,097	
Capital outlay		100,500		1,914,500		416,543		1,497,957	
Total Expenditures		895,412		2,709,412		530,358		2,179,054	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(391,212)		(2,205,212)		(17,433)		(2,170,329)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(391,212)	\$	(2,205,212)		(17,433)	\$	(2,170,329)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						2,103,388			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	2,085,955			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
_		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	395,375	\$	395,375	\$	318,072	\$	(77,303)	
Total Revenues		395,375		395,375		318,072		(77,303)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Planning and community development		395,375		395,375		305,037		90,338	
Total Expenditures		395,375		395,375		305,037		90,338	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						13,035		(167,641)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		_		180		180		_	
								_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				180		180			
Special items Extraordinary items		-		-		-		- -	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	180		13,215	\$	(167,641)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						231,883			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	245,098			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SAFETEA-LU YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts Original Final					tual ounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		J			-			- J	
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	544,000	\$	544,000	\$	- 65	\$	(544,000) 65	
Total Revenues		544,000		544,000		65		(543,935)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works		544,000		544,000				544,000	
Total Expenditures		544,000		544,000				544,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						65		(1,087,935)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$			65	\$	(1,087,935)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						9,583			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	9,648			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROP C25 GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts					actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
_	Or	riginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	11,300	\$	11,269	\$	(31)	
Total Revenues				11,300		11,269		(31)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works		-		-		32,662		(32,662)	
Capital outlay	<u> </u>			277,367		46,750		230,617	
Total Expenditures				277,367		79,412		197,955	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures				(266,067)		(68,143)		(197,986)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	(266,067)		(68,143)	\$	(197,986)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						(26,820)			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	(94,963)			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE R YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		Jiigiiiai		Tillal		inounts		legative)	
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	373,280 1,000	\$	373,280 1,000	\$	373,348 1,133	\$	68 133	
Total Revenues		374,280		374,280		374,481		201	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works		442,676		442,676		340,054		102,622	
Total Expenditures		442,676		442,676		340,054		102,622	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(68,396)		(68,396)		34,427		(102,421)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(68,396)	\$	(68,396)		34,427	\$	(102,421)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						170,552			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	204,979			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE R GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budget A	Amou	nts	Į.	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Ar	nounts	(Negative)		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	5,990	\$	5,985	\$	(5)	
Total Revenues				5,990		5,985		(5)	
Expenditures									
Capital outlay				466,030		7,555		458,475	
Total Expenditures				466,030		7,555		458,475	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures				(460,040)		(1,570)		(458,480)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	(460,040)		(1,570)	\$	(458,480)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						(10,803)			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	(12,373)			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROP C 25%
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts					ctual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Process and the same of	Original		<u>Final</u>		Amounts		(Negative)		
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,535	\$	(7,535)	
Capital outlay		-		2,098,743		8,630		2,090,113	
Total Expenditures				2,098,743		16,165		2,082,578	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures				(2,098,743)		(16,165)		(2,082,578)	
Not Change in Fund Palance	æ		æ	(2.000.742)		(16 165)	¢	(2.002.570)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	φ		\$	(2,098,743)		(16,165)	\$	(2,082,578)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						(5,788)			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	(21,953)			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE R GRANT TRAFFIC IMPROVEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budget /	ints		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original Final			Final	A	mounts	(Negative)	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	424,700	\$	424,696	\$	(4)
Total Revenues				424,700		424,696		(4)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		-		-		64,843		(64,843)
Capital outlay				1,370,891		673,312		697,579
Total Expenditures				1,370,891		738,155		632,736
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures				(946,191)		(313,459)		(632,740)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	(946,191)		(313,459)	\$	(632,740)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						(21,361)		
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	(334,820)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL METRO STPL EXCHANGE 2014 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original Fin			Final	al Amounts			(Negative)		
Revenues										
Use of money and property	\$		\$	3,030	\$	3,032	\$	2		
Total Revenues				3,030		3,032		2		
Expenditures										
Current:										
Public works				100,000		77,931		22,069		
Total Expenditures				100,000		77,931		22,069		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures				(96,970)		(74,899)		(22,067)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	(96,970)		(74,899)	\$	(22,067)		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						481,911				
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	407,012				

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